

High-Score Series

An Advanced Approach To **REASONING** VERBAL & NON-VERBAL for Competitive Examinations

IBPS, SSC, SBI, RBI, AFCAT, CDS, UPSC, UPPSC, CAT, MAT, XAT, Railways, Insurance and other competitive examinations

KEY FEATURES

- S A complete guide cum practice book for verbal & non-verbal reasoning
- Seased on a modern approach to understand the concepts perfectly
- ⊗ Includes previous years' questions for students to assess the difficulty level of exams
- SExhaustive variety of exercises for practice, along with the answer key and explanations
- ⊗ Over 5000+ practice questions with hints & explanations

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An Advanced Approach To **REASONING** VERBAL & NON-VERBAL for Competitive Examinations

IBPS, SSC, SBI, RBI, AFCAT, CDS, UPSC, UPPSC, CAT, MAT, XAT, Railways, Insurance and other competitive examinations **Edition :** 2020

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Preface

Verbal & Non-verbal reasoning is an essential section of today's competitive exams. Thus, it becomes imperative for all aspirants to have a steady command over the subject to qualify the exams. Oswal's Reasoning Verbal & Non-verbal is a guidebook that has been prepared keeping in mind the topics and the types of questions asked in the competitive exams nowadays. It follows the 'Learn from Basics' concept which focuses on strengthening the subjective foundation of the learners. Practice questions are segregated on the basis of their difficulty level to increase their speed and accuracy.

The solutions to the questions are provided in a detailed manner to ensure clear understanding in one go. Previous year questions of various competitive exams are also added to help the students gauge the pattern and difficulty level of the exams of current times.

All efforts have been made to make this book error-free and easy to understand. All previous year questions are gathered from genuine sources. Nonetheless, all the readers are welcome to communicate their complaints, queries and suggestions to the publisher. Attempts will be made to inculcate them in the further editions.

Publisher

HOW TO MANAGE YOUR TIME BETTER

This is the time when you are going to be promoted to higher classes. Going a level up also means there will be more books, more syllabus, more tests & exams. We have pieced together some of the most effective tips that will surely help you stay ahead of your peers by staying organised and managing your time as well as energy in an improved manner.

• Make a list: Every morning, jot down all the things you have to do for the day. Arrange all your tasks according to their importance and urgency. Then, before going to bed, strike off the tasks you managed to finish, giving yourself a sense of accomplishment and helping you stay on track.

• Segregate your time: You should divide your day into hourlychunks, based on your routine. For example, separate about 6-7 compulsory hours for school; then, 7-8 hours for sleep, 4-5 hours for self-study, 1 hour each for leisure and meals. You can keep the remaining hours free as they get used up in chores and other mundane tasks.

• Improve your focus: You must strive to finish your tasks in a decided time limit. Learn to eliminate distractions. You should give your undivided attention to their completion. This will improve your efficiency and help you finish your work on time.

• Take little breaks: In your study schedule, make sure to assign small breaks between long study sessions to give your brain some rest and restore your energy for another round of rigorous learning. You can have a snack or simply close your eyes and quietly meditate.



• End procrastination: Procrastination is the biggest hurdle in your path to success. If you have a daunting task at hand, it's better to break it into smaller chunks and work on them than just postponing it for later. Slow and steady wins the race, after all!

Follow these tips and watch your productivity increase with time. Share your experience with us at contact@oswalpublishers.com .

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NON-VERBAL

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STUDY LOG

TOPICS I'VE TO WORK ON

TOPICS I'VE MASTERED

RACTICE STRATEG

2. At the end of 3 Pevisit previ

- 1. Divide lengthy topics into smaller chunks and work on understanding one sub-topic at a time.
- 2. At the end of each study session, make short notes for quick revision.
- 3. Revisit previously learnt topics regularly from self-made notes.
- 4. Try to understand the topic than just mugging it up. It will stay in your memory for longer.

VERBAL

SERIES COMPLETION

The terms of the series are subdivided into the following Solution: (a) types 4 8

- 1. Series based on Alphabets
- 2. Series based on Numbers
- 3. Series based on both Alphabets and Numerals
- 4. Series based on Patterns

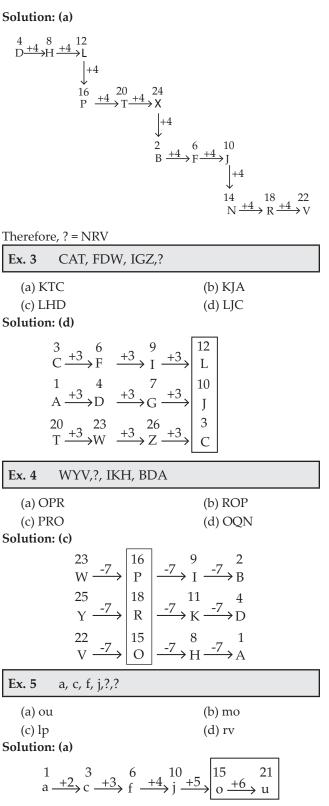
These terms follow a certain pattern throughout the series. One should study the given series, analyse and identify the pattern and they are required to complete the given series with its most suitable alternative or else find the wrong term among the given series.

SERIES BASED ON ALPHABETS

In this type, a series of single, pairs or groups of letters or combination of letters and numerals is given. The terms form a certain pattern in the series with respect to the position of the letters in the English alphabet. We need to identify and evaluate the pattern and accordingly find the missing term or the wrong term in the given series.

Examples

Ex. 1	ABC FGH LM	íN	
(a) IJK	-	(b) OPQ	Ex. 4
(c) ST	U	(d) RST	(a) OP
Solution:	. (c)		(c) PR Solution:
	A B C	$ \begin{array}{c} +3 \\ F G H \\ $	Ex. 5 (a) ou (c) lp
Ex. 2	DHL, PTX, BI	FJ,?	Solution:
(a) NF	RV	(b) RVZ	1
(c) CC	K	(d) KOS	a -



Chapter

SERIES BASED ON NUMBERS

This series is subdivided into the following two types. They are

Case 1:

Completing the given series by finding the missing term(s).

Case 2:

Finding the wrong term in the given series.

Let's look into each of them in detail.

Sometimes, the differences between the consecutive terms of a series, again form a series. The difference between the consecutive terms of the new series so formed, again form a series. The series continues until we attain a uniform difference between the consecutive terms of the series. These kind of series is called **Triangular Pattern Series**.

Some series should come based on progressions. Some of the ideas of progression are given below.

	Arithmetic Progression (A.P)	Geometric Progression (G.P)
Series	a, a + d, a + 2d, a +3d,	a, ar, ar²,ar³,
First Term	а	а
Common difference	d	r
n th term	n^{th} term = $a + (n - 1)d$	n^{th} term = ar^{n-1}

Case 1: Completing the given series by finding the missing term(s)

Examples :

Ex. 1	2, 3, 10, 29, 66,?		
(a) 89	9	(b) 99	
(c) 127		(d) 130	
~ * *			

Solution: (c)

2 +1 	$ \begin{array}{c c} 3 \\ +6 \\ +6 \\ +6 \end{array} $	10 $\uparrow +19$ $+12 \uparrow$ $\uparrow +6$	29 ↑ +18 ↑	66 +37 ↑ ↑ +24 +6 ↑	+61	127
Ex. 2 :	$\frac{2}{3}, \frac{4}{7}$	$\frac{11}{21}, \frac{16}{31}$				
(a) 6/11 (c) 9/17				(b) 5/9 (d) 7/13		

Solution: (d)

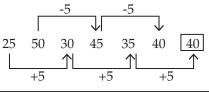
Add 2, 3, 4, 5.... respectively to numerators and add 4, 6, 8, 10.... respectively to the denominators. Thus,

$$\frac{2+2}{3+4} = \frac{4}{7}$$
, again, $\frac{4+3}{7+6} = \frac{7}{13}$

Ex. 3	25, 50, 30, 45, 35, 40, ?	
(a) 30)	(b) 35
(c) 40)	(d) 45

Solution: (c)

The given number series is based on the following pattern:



Ex. 4	Which fraction comes next in the sequence $1 3 5 7$
	$\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{5}{8}, \frac{7}{16}, ?$
(a) 9/3	2 (b) 10/17
(c) 11/	(d) 12/35

Solution: (a)

The numerators of the fractions in the given sequence form the series 1,3,5,7,... in which each term is obtained by adding 2 to the previous term.

The denominators of the fractions form the series 2, 4,8, 16 i.e., 2^1 , 2^2 , 2^3 , 2^4

So, the numerator of the next fraction will be (7 + 2) = 9 and the denominator will be 2^5 i.e., 32

0

Thus, the next term is $\frac{9}{32}$.		
Ex. 5	10000, 11000, 9900, 10890, 9801, ?	
(a) 10	(b) 10423	
(c) 10	(d) 10929	

Solution: (c)

This series follows the pattern that it add and subtract 10% of a term alternatively to obtain the next term of the series.

Thus,

10000 + (10% of 10000) = 11000

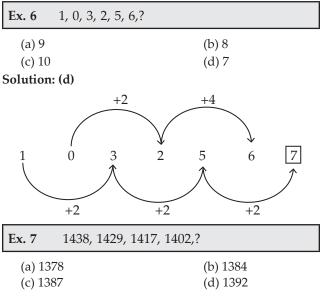
11000 – (10% of 11000) = 9900

9900 + (10% of 9900) = 10890

10890 - (10% of 10890) = 9801

Hence, the missing term = 9801 + 980 = 10781

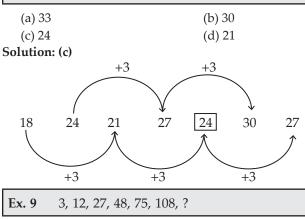
Hence, the missing term is 10781.



Solution: (b)

The given number series is based on the following pattern:

- $1438 (3 \times 3) = 1429$ $1429 - (3 \times 4) = 1417$ $1417 - (3 \times 5) = 1402$
- $1402 (3 \times 6) = 1384$
- Thus, the term is 1384.
- Ex. 8 18, 24, 21, 27, ?, 30, 27



(a) 147		
(c) 183		

Solution: (a) The pattern of the given series is 3×1^2 , 3×2^2 , 3×3^2 , 3×4^2 , 3×5^2 , 3×6^2 , ...

(b) 162

(d) 192

Hence, the missing term = $3 \times 7^2 = 3 \times 49 = 147$.

Ex. 10 563, 647, 479, 815, ? (a) 672 (b) 386 (c) 279 (d) 143 Solution: (d) The pattern of the given series is $+ 84, -168, + 336, \dots$ i.e., +84, $-(84 \times 2)$, $+(84 \times 2^2)$,... Hence, the missing term = $815 - (84 \times 2^3)$

= 815 - 672 = 143.

Ex. 11 3, 20, 63	, 144, 275, ?				
(a) 354	(b) 468				
(c) 548	(d) 554				
Solution: (b)					
The given series	is as follows:				
Series I: 3	20 63 144 27	5?			
Series II:	17 43 81 131	?			
Series III:	26 38 50 ?				
Series IV:	12 12				
Pattern in Series	III: + 12				
So,					
Missing term in	Missing term in Series III = 50 + 12 = 62				
Missing term in	Series II = 131 + 62 = 193				

Missing term in Series I = 275 + 193 = 468

Hence, the missing term in 468.

Ex. 12	2, 9, 28, ?, 126, 217, 344	
(a) 50		(b) 65
(c) 70		(d) 82
Colution	(b)	

Solution: (b)

The series given above is a triangular pattern series. So, we have

2		9		28		?		126	, ,	217	344
	7		19		?		?		91		127
		12		?		?		?		36	

Clearly, to form a pattern, the missing terms in Series III will be 18, 24, 30

Hence, the missing term in the given series = 28 + (19 + 18)= 28 + 37 = 65

Ex. 13 320 ?	Which term of the series 5, 8, 11, 14, is
(a) 10-	
(c) 10	6^{th} (d) 64^{th}

Solution: (c)

Clearly, 5 + 3 = 8, 8 + 3 = 11, 11 + 3 = 14,... So, the series is an AP in which a = 5 and d = 3Let 320 be the nth term of the series.

Then,
$$320 = 5 + (n - 1) \times 3$$

$$(n-1) = \frac{315}{3} = 105$$

Hence, 320 is the 106th term of the given series.

Ex. 14	In the series	5 7, 14, 28,,	what will be the
10th ter	m?		

(a) 1792	(b) 2456
(c) 3584	(d) 4096

Solution: (c)

Here, $7 \times 2 = 14$, $14 \times 2 = 28$,.... and so on. So, the given series are in GP in which a = 7 and r = 2:. 10th term = $ar^{(n-1)} = ar^{(10-1)}$

	$= ar^9 = 7 \times 2^9 = 7 \times 512 = 3584$
Ex. 15	8, 9, 8, 7, 10, 9, 6, 11, 10, ?, 12
(a) 5	(b) 7
(c) 8	(d) 11
Colution	. (a)

Solution: (a)

The given series is a combination of the following three series.

Series I: 1st, 4th, 7th, 10th terms i.e., 8, 7, 6, ?

Series II: 2nd, 5th, 8th, 11th terms i.e., 9, 10, 11, 12

Series III: 3rd, 6th, 9th terms i.e., 8, 9, 10

The pattern in Series I is (-1). Hence, the missing term = 6 - 1 = 5

Case 2: Finding the wrong term in the given series.

Let's go through some examples to understand this better.

Ex. 1 Find out the number that does not belong to the group for lack of common property. (169, 289, 361, 442, 484, 729)

(a) 484	(b) 442
(c) 361	(d) 289

Solution: (b)

Except the number 442, all other numbers are perfect squares.

 $169 = 13 \times 13; 289 = 17 \times 17; 361 = 19 \times 19;$

 $442 = 21.023 \times 21.023$

484 = 22 × 22; 729 = 27 × 27

Ex. 2 (16, 17, 27, 30, 46, 71) Choose the wrong term in the series.

(a) 27		(b) 46	
(c) 16		(d) 71	
Solution	: (a)		
16 + 0	= 16		
16 + (1	$(1)^2 = 17$		
17 + (2	$(2)^2 = 21$		
21 + (3	$(3)^2 = 30$		
30 + (4	$(4)^2 = 46$		
46 + (5	$(5)^2 = 71$		
Here,	27 is the wrong term.		
Ex. 3	Choose the wrong	term in : 5, 27,	61, 122,

EX. 5		uie	wrong	term n	1.0,	Ζ/,	01,	122,
213, 340,	, 509.							

(b) 61 (d) 509

(a)	27
(c)	122

Solution: (a)

5	24	61 1	122 1	213 1	340 1	509 1
+19	+37	+61	+9	91 +12	27 +2	169
	<u></u>	Î	1			Î
_	+18	+24	+30	+36	+42	-
		ĵ	1L	1	1	
	+6	+6	+6	+(5	

Therefore, the number 27 is wrong in the series. It should be replaced with 24.

Ex. 4 72, 24.	Choose the wro	ong term in : 216,	163, 120,
72, 24.			
(a) 210	6	(b) 163	
(c) 72		(d) 24	

Solution: (b)

216	168	120	72	24
-48		48 -	-48	-48

The number 163 is wrong in the series and it should be replaced with 168.

Ex. 5	Ex. 5 Choose the wrong term in : 8, 27, 64, 225		
(a) 22	7 (b) 8		
(c) 22	25 (d) 64		

Solution: (c)

$$2 \xrightarrow{+1} 3 \xrightarrow{+1} 4 \xrightarrow{+1} 5$$

 $8 = (2)^3$; 27 = (3)³; 64 = (4)³ The next term would be (5)³ = 125 Here, 225 is the wrong term.

SERIES BASED ON BOTH ALPHABETS AND NUMERALS

This type is frequently asked as a jumbled form of questions of Type 1 and Type 2. Here, the terms are a combination of letters and numerals in this type of series, which move according to a certain pattern.

Examples

Ex. 1 Find the term which does not fit into the series given below:

G4T, J10R, M20P, P43N, S90L

(a) G4T	(b) J10R
(c) M20P	(d) P43N

Solution:

The patterns followed by the letters are:

1 st Letter	$G \xrightarrow{+3} J \xrightarrow{+3} M \xrightarrow{+3} P \xrightarrow{+4}$	$\xrightarrow{-3}$ S
2 nd Letter	$T \xrightarrow{-2} R \xrightarrow{-2} P \xrightarrow{-2} N \xrightarrow{-2}$	<u>-2</u> →L

The number series 4, 10, 20, 43, 90 should follow the pattern \times 2 + 1, \times 2 + 2, \times 2 + 3, \times 2 + 4

So, 10 is wrong and must be replaced by $(4 \times 2) + 1$ i.e.,9

Thus, the term J10R does not fit in the given series. The correct term is J9R. Ans: (b)

Ex. 2	Find the next term in the following series:	
Z1A,	X2D, V6G, T21J, R88M, P445P, ?	

(a) N2676S	(b) N2676T
(c) T2670N	(d) T2676N

Solution:

(c)

The patterns followed by the letters are as follows:

1st Letter: Z	$\xrightarrow{-2} X$	$\xrightarrow{-2} V$	<u>-2</u> →T-	$\xrightarrow{-2} \mathbb{R}^{-2}$	$\xrightarrow{-2} \mathbb{P}$	$\xrightarrow{-2} N$
2 nd Letter: A	$\xrightarrow{+3}$ D	$\xrightarrow{+3}$ G	<u>+3</u> →I -	$\xrightarrow{+3}$ M-	+3 →P -	+3 →S

The series formed by the numerals i.e., 1, 2, 6, 21, 88, 445, ... follows the pattern \times 1 + 1, \times 2 + 2, \times 3 + 3, \times 4 + 4, \times 5 + 5,....

So, numeral in the desired term = $445 \times 6 + 6 = 2676$ Hence, the desired term is N2676S. Ans: (a)

Ex. 3	Find the next terr	n in the following series:
KA5, I	D8, GG11, EJ14, ?	
(a) B	X17	(b) BY17

DAII	(D) D I I
CM17	(d) CM18

Solution:

1st Letter : $K \xrightarrow{-2} I \xrightarrow{-2} G \xrightarrow{-2} E \xrightarrow{-2} C$ 2^{nd} Letter : A $\xrightarrow{+3}$ D $\xrightarrow{+3}$ G $\xrightarrow{+3}$ I $\xrightarrow{+3}$ M 3^{rd} Number: $5 \xrightarrow{+3} 8 \xrightarrow{+3} 11 \xrightarrow{+3} 14 \xrightarrow{+3} 17$

Thus, the next term in the series is CM17. Ans: (c)

Ex. 4	Find the next term in the following series:
2, A, 10,	B, 7, C, 15, D, ?

(a) 9	(b) 10
(c) 12	(d) 19

Solution:

The given series is the combination of the two series: First series: 2, 10, 7, 15, ?

Second series: A, B, C, D

The pattern in the first series is

$$2 \xrightarrow{+8} 10 \xrightarrow{-3} 7 \xrightarrow{+8} 15 \xrightarrow{-3} 12$$

Hence, the missing term in the series is 12. Ans: (c)

SERIES BASED ON PATTERNS

This type consists of a series of small letters which follows a certain pattern. However, some letters seems to be missing in this type of series. These missing letters or terms are given as a proper sequence as one of the alternatives.

Correspondence Series consists of three sequences with three different elements (usually capital letters, digits and small letters). On the basis of their similarity in the positions in the three sequences, a capital letter is found to correspond with a unique digit and a unique small letter, whenever it occurs. We need to find out the correspondence so that we can accordingly choose the elements to be filled in that place.

Ex G	. 1 S 7	X W C	T S 20 _	_ P 12 _	_ L 15 K _	_ P
	(a) 17,	, F, I, S, T		(b)) 19, E, L, R	, H
	(c) 21,	G, L, N, F		(d) 23, H, K, (О, Н
Sol	ution	:				

X W C __ / T S 20 __ / P 12 __ L / 15 K __ P / __ G S 7

Observing the above series, we find that each group consists of two consecutive letters and the number represents the position of one of these letters in the English alphabet.

So, 1st missing term must be the number of corresponding W or X i.e. 23 or 24.

Also, in the group ---- G S 7, 7 corresponds to G. So, 5th missing term must be F or H. Clearly, (d) fulfils both the above. Hence, the answer is D.

Ex. 2	Ζ_	_ 25 Y B 23 X C _	_ W _	_ 19 _	_ E 17
(a) A	A, 21, I	D, V	(b)	A, 27	7, C, V
(c) X	(, 21, (C, W	(d)	X, 27	7, F, W
Solutio	n:				

Z __ 25 / Y B 23 / X C __ / W __ 19 / __ E 17

Observing the group Y B 23, we find that in a group, the number is the difference of the numbers representing the positions of the two letters in the English alphabet.

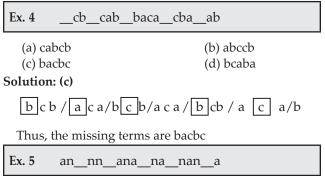
Thus, putting A = 1, B = 2,, Y = 25, Z = 26, we have: Y-B = 25-2 = 23.

Similarly, missing term is 3rd group = X - C = 24 - 3 = 21; Missing term in 1st group = Z - 25 = 26 - 25 = 1 = A.

So, the first and second missing terms are A and 21 respectively, which are given only in (a). Hence, the answer is A.

Ex. 3 ab	b	aba	aba	b
(a) a bb aa				(b) bb aa b
(c) ab aa b				(d) a aa ba
Solution: (d)				

Thus the missing terms are aaaba.



(b) aanan (d) naana

an a / nn a / ana / n na / a na / n aThus the missing terms are aanan

PREVIOUS YEAR QUESTIONS

(a) annan

(c) nanna

Solution: (b)

alternative from the given ones that will complete the series.

F, M, T, ?, H, O	[SSC JUNIOR ENGINEER EXAM-2018]
(a) B	(b) C
(c) A	(d) D

1. A series is given with one term missing. Select the correct 2. A series is given with one term missing. Select the correct alternative from the given ones that will complete the series.

ROK, LIE, FCY, ZWS, ?

	[SSC JUNIOR ENGINEER EXAM-2018]
(a) LAQ	(b) SRV
(c) TQM	(d) FMQ

the series.

III verbui Reusoning				
	term missing. Select the correct	BDF, CFI, DHL,?		
-	en ones that will complete the	[SSC MULTI-TASKING STAFF EXAM 2017]		
series.		(a) EIM	(b) EJO	
FAQ, LGW, RMC, ?, DY		(c) EMI	(d) CJM	
	[UNIOR ENGINEER EXAM-2018]		n, which one set of letters when	
(a) VIR	(b) XSI		e gaps in the given letter series	
(c) LSI	(d) MIS	shall complete it?		
	on, select the missing number	JK_MJ_LM_KL_	(10 + 2) TIER-I (CBE) EXAM 2017]	
from the given alternativ	ves.	(a) JKLL	(b) LKKM	
42, 21, 21, 31.5, 63, ?		(c) LKJM	(d) KJLM	
[SSC]	[UNIOR ENGINEER EXAM-2018]		nen sequentially placed at the	
(a) 169.75	(b) 157.5	gaps in the given letter	series shall complete it?	
(c) 152.5	(d) 126.75	CD_E_DD_CD_E		
	on, select the missing number	(a) CDCD	(10 + 2) TIER-I (CBE) EXAM 2017] (b) DCCC	
from the given alternativ	ves.	(a) CDCD (c) DCED	(d) DDDC	
14, 44, 135, 409, 1232, ?			series is given, with one term	
[SSC]	[UNIOR ENGINEER EXAM-2018]		he given responses choose the	
(a) 2962	(b) 3340	meaningful one.		
(c) 3702	(d) 3406	13. CUS, DVT, EWU,		
6. Which of the following	terms follows the trend of the	(a) FXV (c) XFV	(b) VXF (d) XVF	
given list?		14. 206, 221, 251, 296,?, 431		
ΟΟΧΧΧΧΧ, ΟΧΟΧΧΧ	X, OXXOXXX, OXXXOXX,	(a) 326	(b) 356	
OXXXXOX,	·	(c) 311	(d) 341	
[SSC]	[UNIOR ENGINEER EXAM-2018]		h one term missing. Choose	
(a) XOXXXXO	(b) XOXXXOX	complete the series:	from the given ones that will	
(c) OXXXOXX	(d) OXXXXXO	ALZ, CJV, EHR, GFN,?	[SSC CGL 2016]	
7. A series is given with	one term missing. Choose	(a) JDJ	(b) IEK	
the correct alternative	from the given ones that will	(c) IDJ	(d) JEK	
complete the series.			h one term missing. Choose from the given ones that will	
HK,?, PQ, TT, XW		complete the series:	from the given ones that will	
[SSC CHSL	(10 + 2)TIER-I (CBE) EXAM 2017)	8, 24, 12,?, 18, 54	[SSC CGL 2016]	
(a) LN	(b) NO	(a) 48	(b) 36	
(c) LK	(d) NM	(c) 29	(d) 21	
8. A series is given with	one term missing. Choose		h one term missing. Choose from the given ones that will	
the correct alternative	from the given ones that will		T, DBT, ECT,? [SSC CGL 2016]	
complete the series.		(a) DCT	(b) FDT	
JN, OR, UW, BC,?		(c) FCT	(d) FAT	
[SSC CHSL	(10 + 2) TIER-I (CBE) EXAM 2017]		h one term missing. Choose from the given ones that will	
(a) KM	(b) JJ	complete the series. 5, 1	0	
(c) JK	(d) KJ	1 ,	[SSC CGL 2016]	
	one term missing. Choose	(a) 122	(b) 217	
-	from the given ones that will	(c) 120 Directions (Os 19-20): In f	(d) 153 he following questions which	
complete the series.		Directions (Qs. 19-20): In the following questions, which one set of letters when sequentially placed at the gaps in		
EFGHI, LMNO, RST, W	X,?	the given letter series shall		
[SSC CHSL	(10 + 2) TIER-I (CBE) EXAM 2017]		[SSC STENOGRAPHER 2016]	
(a) A	(b) D	19. bb_aab_caab_ca_	(b) acab	
(c) B	(d) E	(a) cbba (c) abbc	(b) acab (d) bcab	
	ne term missing. Out of the four	20cdb_ddb_db_c_d	() ~ ~~~~	
-	e alternative that will complete	(a) bbcbb	(b) ccbcc	
the series	-	(c) bbbcc	(d) ccchc	

(c) bbbcc

(d) cccbc

Series Completion | 15 |

Directions (Qs. 21-24): In the Four questions, a series is given ones that will complete the series. [SSC CHSL 2015] given with one (or more) term missing. Choose the correct 32. Y, T, P, ?, K (a) L (b) O alternative from the given ones that will complete the (c) N (d) M series: [SSC STENOGRAPHER 2016] 33. 4, 11, 17, 22, ?, 29, 31, 32 21. 720, 180, 176, 44, 40, 10,? (b) 27 (a) 26 (a) 6, 4 (b) 8, 6 (c) 23 (d) 24 (c) 6, 2 (d) 4, 2 $34.6 + \sqrt{216}; 7 + \sqrt{343}; 8 + \sqrt{512}; 9 + \sqrt{729}; ?$ 22. 5, 10, 20, 40, 80,? (b) 160 (a) 150 (a) $10 + \sqrt{10000}$ (b) $10 + \sqrt{10^5}$ (c) 120 (d) 140 (c) $10 + \sqrt{100}$ (d) $10 + \sqrt{1000}$ 23. C4X, F9U, I16R,? 35. AZ, CX, FU, ?___ (a) L27P (b) K25P (a) JQ (b) KP (c) L25O (d) L25U (d) IV (c) IR 24. 1, 5, 21, 57, ?, 221 36. Which one set of letters when sequentially placed at (a) 121 (b) 126 the gaps in the given letter series shall complete it? (c) 96 (d) 108 bbm amb m a bbm [SSC CHSL 2015] 25. Which one set of letters when sequentially placed at (a) ambbm (b) mabam the gaps in the letter series shall complete it? (c) abmab (d) mbabm [SSC SUB. INS. 2016] _qpx_rq_xxr_pxx_qp_x Directions (Qs. 37-40): A series is given, with one/two term (a) rxpqrx (b) pxrqxr missing. Choose the correct alternatives from the given (d) rspprx (c) xrprqx ones that will complete the series. [SSC CHSL 2015] Directions (Qs. 26-27): In the Two questions, a series 37. 6, 2, 9, 4, 12, -, is given, with one term missing. Choose the correct (a) 6, 15 (b) 4, 13 alternative from the given options that will complete the (c) 8, 24 (d) 13, 15 [SSC SUB. INS. 2016] series. 38. A D H M S? (b) W 26. 3, 17, 45, 87,? (a) T (c) X (d) Z (a) 143 (b) 153 39. -1, 0, 3, 8, 15,? (d) 123 (c) 183 (a) 23 (b) 26 27. AZWD, CXUF,?, GTQJ (c) 24 (d) 25 (a) EVSH (b) EUTH 40. ACEZXVGIKTRP? (d) EVPI (c) EUSH (a) M (b) N Directions (Qs. 28-29): In questions below, which one set (c) O (d) L of letters when sequentially placed at the gaps in the given 41. Which one set of letters when sequentially placed at letter series shall complete it? [SSC SUB. INS. 2015] the gaps in the given letter series shall complete it? 28. LU_TUPLUBTU_LUBT_P_UBTUP ab_cba_bcc_aabccb__bccba [SSC CHSL 2015] (a) LBPU (b) BPUL (a) abbac (b) cccab (c) PBUL (d) BUPL (c) cabaa (d) abcab 29. B_CCABB_CABBC_AB_CCA 42. Find the wrong number in the given series? 15, 28, 30, (a) BCBC (b) BCCB 39, 48 [SSC CHSL 2015] (c) BBCC (d) BBBC (a) 28 (b) 15 Directions (Qs. 30-31): In guestions below, a series is (c) 30 (d) 39 given, with one/two term/s missing. Choose the correct Directions (Qs. 43-44): In the following Questions, which alternative from the given ones that will complete the one set of letters when sequentially placed at the gaps in [SSC SUB. INS. 2015] the given letter series shall complete it? series. [SSC CGL 1ST SIT. 2015] 30. 24, 35, 20, 31, 16, 27, __, __ 43. ccbab _ caa _ bccc _ a _ (a) 9, 9 (b) 5, 30 (a) babb (b) bbba (c) 8, 25 (d) 12, 23 (c) baab (d) babc $31.7\frac{1}{7}, 8\frac{2}{6}, 9\frac{5}{5}, 12\frac{2}{4}, 16\frac{2}{3}, ?$ 44. a___dba__bcad__da__cd (a) bccdbcab (b) abcddcba (b) 50/2 (c) cbcddcba (d) aabbccdd (a) 35 Directions (Qs. 45-46): In the following two Questions, a (c) $15 \frac{2}{4}$ (d) $16 \frac{4}{4}$ series is given, with one term missing. Choose the correct

series.

alternative from the given ones that will complete the

[SSC CGL 1ST SIT. 2015]

Directions (Qs. 32-35): In questions, a series is given, with one term missing. Choose the correct alternative from the

	erbui Reusoning	
45. 4, 6, 10, 1	16, 24, ?	
(a) 28		(b) 30
(c) 34		(d) 40
46. 3, 5, 9, 17	7,?	
(a) 26		(b 65
(c) 33		(d) 42
47. Choose	the correct altern	atives from the given ones
which w	ill complete the s	eries.
В X J, Е Т	L, H P N, K L P,?	[SSC STENOGRAPHER 2015]
(a) M H	Q	(b) M I P
(c) M I P		(d) N H R
Directions (Qs. 48-50): In quest	tions, which one set of letters/
numbers wh	nen sequentially p	laced at the gaps in the given
letter series	shall complete it?	[SSC CGL 2ND SIT. 2015]
48. SH _ EL	AS _ EELA _ HEE	ELA SHEE _ A
(a) HHS	5	(b) EEHS
(c) ELHA		(d) EHSL
49.12_4/1_	_3 4/123 _ /_ 234	
(a) 3212		(b) 2134
(c) 3241		(d) 1432
50 aba _	baab	
(a) abbbl	2	(b) baabb

(a) abbbb	(b) baabb
(c) bbaba	(d) abbab
51. Find the missing num	ber 2, 5, 10, 17, 26,?
	[SSC CGL 2ND SIT. 2015]
(a) 36	(b) 49
(c) 37	(d) 47

Directions (Qs. 52-54): In questions below, a series is given with one term missing. Choose the correct alternative from the given ones that will complete the series.

0	
	[SSC SUB. INS. 2014]
52. FAG, GAF, HAI, IAH,	_
(a) JAK	(b) HAK
(c) JAI	(d) HAL
53. 3, 6, 9, 15, 24, 39, 63,?	
(a) 100	(b) 87
(c) 102	(d) 99
541, 0,?, 8, 15, 24	
(a) 4	(b) 3
(c) 2	(d) 1
Directions (Os 55-56). In question	a series is given with one

Directions (Qs. 55-56): In question, a series is given, with one term missing. Choose the correct alternative from the given ones that will complete the series. [SSC MULTITASKING 2014] 55. 7, 14, 23, 34,? (a) 46 (b) 47

(d) 45

(u) 1 0		
(c) 44		

56. AE, FJ, KO,? UY	
(a) QN	(b) TQ
(c) NP	(d) PT
Directions (Qs. 57-63): In Ques	
one term missing. Choose the c	
given ones that will complete t	
57. 3, 15, 4, 16, 5, 17, 6,?, 7	
(a) 12	(b) 13
(c) 15	(d) 18
58. 68, 81, 96,? 132	
(a) 105	(b) 110
(c) 113	(d) 130
59. 121, 253, 374, 495,?	
(a) 565	(b) 523
(c) 5116	(d) 5102
60. CE, GI, KM, OQ,?	
(a) TW	(b) TV
(c) SU	(d) RT
61. R, O, L, I, F?	
(a) C	(b) A
(c) E	(d) I
62. Find the wrong number in	the series: 30, 27, 36, 45, 72
(a) 30	(b) 27
(c) 36	(d) 72
63. Which one set of letters wh	
the gaps in the given lette	
_ cb _ ca _ bacb _ ca _ bac _	
(a) badddb	(b) bbbddd
(c) addddb	(d) addbbb
64. 1331, 729, 343, 125,?	[SSC CGL 1ST SIT. 2014]
(a) 27	(b) 64
(c) 216	(d) 512
Directions (Qs. 65-67): A serie	
missing. Choose the correct a	
ones that will complete the ser	ies. [SSC CGL 1ST SIT. 2014]
65. 1, 2, 6, 24,? , 720	
(a) 3 (a) 120	(b) 5
(a) 1/1()	$(\mathbf{A}) \mathbf{Q}$

(a) 3	(b) 5
(c) 120	(d) 8
66. 156, 506,? , 1806	
(a) 1056	(b) 856
(c) 1456	(d) 1506
67. 8, 18, 32, 50, 72,?	
(a) 76	(b) 98
(c) 80	(d) 70
68. B D Z X F H V T J ???	
(a) L R P	(b) L P R
(c) L R Q	(d) K R P

ANSWER KEY

1. (c)	2. (c)	3. (b)	4. (b)	5. (c)	6. (d)	7. (a)	8. (b)	9. (a)	10. (b)
11. (c)	12. (c)	13. (a)	14. (b)	15. (c)	16. (b)	17. (b)	18. (b)	19. (a)	20. (a)
21. (c)	22. (b)	23. (c)	24. (a)	25. (a)	26. (a)	27. (a)	28. (b)	29. (b)	30. (d)
31. (b)	32. (d)	33. (a)	34. (d)	35. (a)	36. (b)	37. (a)	38. (d)	39. (c)	40. (a)
41. (c)	42. (a)	43. (a)	44. (a)	45. (c)	46. (c)	47. (d)	48. (d)	49. (c)	50. (d)
51. (c)	52. (a)	53. (c)	54. (b)	55. (b)	56. (d)	57. (d)	58. (c)	59. (c)	60. (c)
61. (a)	62. (a)	63. (c)	64. (a)	65. (c)	66. (a)	67. (b)	68. (a)		

EXPLANATIONS

- 1. The succeeding alphabet is the seventh alphabet (+7) from the previous one.
- 2. Each letter in the series is decreased by the order of 6 from the preceding letter. Hence, the answer is TQM.
- 3. This series is decreased by the order of 6 in the alphabetical order. Hence the answer is XSI.
- $\begin{array}{l} 4. \ 42 \times 0.5 = 21 \\ 21 \times 1 = 21 \\ 21 \times 1.5 = 31.5 \\ 31.5 \times 2 = 63 \\ 63 \times 2.5 = 157.5 \\ 5. \ 14 \times 3 + 2 = 44 \\ 44 \times 3 + 3 = 135 \\ 135 \times 3 + 4 = 409 \\ 409 \times 3 + 5 = 1232 \end{array}$
 - $1232 \times 3 + 6 = 3702$
- 6. The letter next to the second 'O' has been switching its place to the next place in the succeeding term. Hence, OXXXXXO is the answer.

7.
$$H \xrightarrow{+4} H \xrightarrow{+4} P \xrightarrow{+4} T \xrightarrow{+4} X$$

$$K \xrightarrow{+3} N \xrightarrow{+3} Q \xrightarrow{+3} T \xrightarrow{+3} W$$
8.
$$J \xrightarrow{+5} O \xrightarrow{+6} U \xrightarrow{+7} B \xrightarrow{+8} J$$

$$N \xrightarrow{+4} R \xrightarrow{+5} W \xrightarrow{+6} C \xrightarrow{+7} J$$
9.
$$E \xrightarrow{+1} F \xrightarrow{+1} G \xrightarrow{+1} H \xrightarrow{+1} I$$

$$I \xrightarrow{+3} L \xrightarrow{+1} M \xrightarrow{+1} N \xrightarrow{+1} O$$

$$O \xrightarrow{+3} R \xrightarrow{+1} S \xrightarrow{+1} T$$

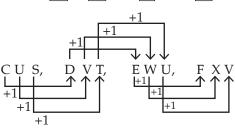
$$T \xrightarrow{+3} W \xrightarrow{+1} X$$

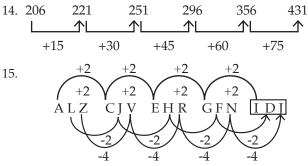
$$x \xrightarrow{+3} A$$
10.
$$B \xrightarrow{+1} C \xrightarrow{+1} D \xrightarrow{+1} F$$

$$D \xrightarrow{+2} F \xrightarrow{+2} H \xrightarrow{+2} J$$

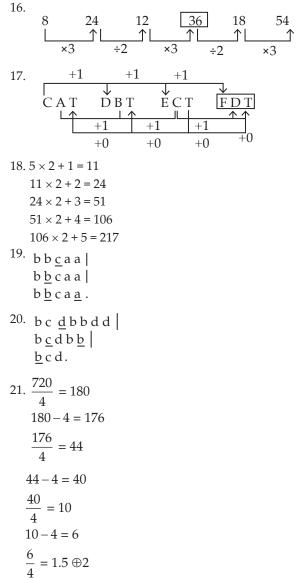
$$I \xrightarrow{+3} O$$
11.
$$J K L M/J K L M/J K L M$$
12.
$$C D D E/C D D E / C D D E$$

13.





The first letter is increased by two in the consecutive terms. The second letter is decreased by two in the consecutive terms. Similarly, the last letter is decreased by 4 in the consecutive terms.



The answer is 6, 2.

22. 5 10 20 40 80 160

$$\times 2$$
 $\times 2$ $\times 2$ $\times 2$ $\times 2$ $\times 2$

23. There are three series:

I Series :
$$C \xrightarrow{+3} F \xrightarrow{+3} I \xrightarrow{+3} L$$

II Series : $4 \xrightarrow{+5} 9 \xrightarrow{+7} 16 \xrightarrow{+9} 25$
III Series : $\chi \xrightarrow{-3} U \xrightarrow{-3} R \xrightarrow{-3} O$

24. There is a difference of 4, 16, 36 which are squares of 2, 4, 6 respectively. So next difference will be square of 8 = 64 so 57 + 64 = 121 which is the missing number in the series.

- 25. r q p x x/r q p x x/ r q p x x/ r q p x x.
- 26. The pattern is as follows:

27. The pattern is as follows:

$$\begin{array}{c} A \xrightarrow{+2} C \xrightarrow{+2} E \xrightarrow{+2} G \\ Z \xrightarrow{-2} X \xrightarrow{-2} V \xrightarrow{-2} V \xrightarrow{-2} T \\ W \xrightarrow{-2} U \xrightarrow{-2} S \xrightarrow{-2} Q \\ D \xrightarrow{+2} F \xrightarrow{+2} H \xrightarrow{+2} J \end{array}$$

- 28. Words LUB and TUP are in consecutive order. L U B T U P L U B T U P L U B T U P L U B T U P
- 29. The sequence BBCCA is repeated
- B B C C A B B C C A B B C C A B B C C A
- 30. There are two numbers series:

I.
$$24 20 16 12$$

II. $35 31 27 23$
II. $\frac{35 31 27 23}{ -4 -4 -4}$
31. $7 \frac{1}{7} = \frac{50}{7}$
 $8 \frac{2}{6} = \frac{50}{6}$
 $9 \frac{5}{5} = \frac{50}{5}$
 $12 \frac{2}{4} = \frac{50}{4}$
 $16 \frac{2}{3} = \frac{50}{3}$
 $\frac{50}{7}, \frac{50}{6}, \frac{50}{5}, \frac{50}{4}, \frac{50}{3}, \frac{50}{2}$
32. $Y -5 T -4 P -3 M -2 K$

33.
$$4 \xrightarrow{+7} 11 \xrightarrow{+6} 17 \xrightarrow{+5} 22$$

$$32 \xrightarrow{+1} 31 \xrightarrow{+2} 29 \xrightarrow{+3} 26$$
34.
$$6 + \sqrt{216} = 6 + \sqrt{6 \times 6 \times 6}$$

$$7 + \sqrt{343} = 7 + \sqrt{7 \times 7 \times 7}$$

$$8 + \sqrt{512} = 8 + \sqrt{8 \times 8 \times 8}$$

$$9 + \sqrt{729} = 9 + \sqrt{9 \times 9 \times 9}$$

$$10 + 10\sqrt{10} = 10 + \sqrt{1000}$$

- 36. The series is mbbmaambbmaambbm So, missing set of letters is mabam
- $37. \begin{array}{c} +3 \\ 6, 2, 9, 4, \\ +2 \\ +2 \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} +3 \\ +3 \\ 12, 6, 15 \\ +2 \\ \end{array}$
- So, missing terms in the series are 6 and 15.

^{38.}
$$A \xrightarrow{+3} D \xrightarrow{+4} H \xrightarrow{+5} M \xrightarrow{+6} S \xrightarrow{+7} Z$$

^{39.} $a \xrightarrow{+1} a \xrightarrow{-1} a \xrightarrow{$

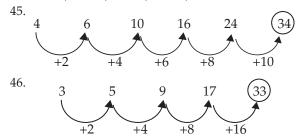
^{39.}
$$-1 \xrightarrow{+1} 0 \xrightarrow{+3} 3 \xrightarrow{+5} 8 \xrightarrow{+7} 15 \xrightarrow{+9} (24)$$

40.
Letter position
From Left
$$\longrightarrow$$
 Z X V T R P
From Right (1) (3) (5) (7) (9) (1) (3)
 A C E G I K M
 \downarrow \downarrow \downarrow \downarrow \downarrow \downarrow \downarrow \downarrow \downarrow
Letter position Z X V T R P
 (1) (3) (5) (7) (9) (1)

41. The series is a b c c b a a b c c b a a b c c b a a b c c b a So, missing set of letters is c a b a a.

42. 15, 28, 30, 39, 48 15 + 7 = 22 22 + 8 = 30 30 + 9 = 39 39 + 9 = 48

- Here, the answer is 28.
- 43. ccbaabccbaabccbaa
- 44. a b c d/b a c d/b c a d/b c d a/a b c d.



47.
$$B \xrightarrow{+3} E \xrightarrow{+3} H \xrightarrow{+3} H \xrightarrow{+3} K \xrightarrow{+3} K$$

$$X \xrightarrow{-4} T \xrightarrow{-4} P \xrightarrow{-4} P \xrightarrow{-4} L \xrightarrow{-4} H$$

$$J \xrightarrow{+2} L \xrightarrow{+2} N \xrightarrow{+2} P \xrightarrow{+2} R$$
48. SHEELA/SHEELA/SHEELA/SHEELA/SHEELA
49. 1234/1234/1234/1234
50. ab ab ab ab ab ab ab
51. 2 5 10 17 26 37

$$\downarrow \xrightarrow{+3} +5 \xrightarrow{+7} +7 \xrightarrow{+9} +111$$
52.
$$F \xrightarrow{+1} G \xrightarrow{+1} H \xrightarrow{+1} H \xrightarrow{+1} J \xrightarrow{+7} H \xrightarrow{+3} K$$
53. 3 + 3 = 6
6 + 3 = 9
9 + 6 = 15
15 + 9 = 24
24 + 15 = 39
39 + 24 = 63
63 + 39 = 102
54. -1 0 3 8 15 24

$$\downarrow \xrightarrow{+7} +9 \xrightarrow{+5} H \xrightarrow{+7} +9$$
55.
$$7 \xrightarrow{14} 23 \xrightarrow{34} 47$$

$$\downarrow \xrightarrow{+7} +9 \xrightarrow{+5} F \xrightarrow{+5} F \xrightarrow{+5} P \xrightarrow{+5} Y$$
57. There are two series:

$$3 \xrightarrow{+1} \xrightarrow$$

58.

 $2 \times 2 + 1 \ 2 \times 3 + 1 \ 2 \times 4 + 1 \ 2 \times 5 + 1$ 59. JL \mathbb{k} Ψſ J 511 253 374 495 121 6 +1 +1+1 $1 \times 2 + 1$ $1 \times 3 + 1$ $1 \times 4 + 1$ $1 \times 5 + 1$ $C \xrightarrow{+4} G \xrightarrow{+4} K \xrightarrow{+4} O \xrightarrow{+4} (S)$ 60. $E \xrightarrow{+4} I \xrightarrow{+4} M \xrightarrow{+4} Q \xrightarrow{+4} U$ $R \xrightarrow{-3} O \xrightarrow{-3} L \xrightarrow{-3} I \xrightarrow{-3} F \xrightarrow{-3} (C)$ 61. 62. 3 + 0 = 32 + 7 = 93 + 6 = 94 + 5 = 97 + 2 = 9The wrong number in the given series 30. 63. a c b d / c a <u>d</u> b / a c b <u>d</u> / c a <u>d</u> b / a c <u>b</u> d 64. The sequence is : $(11)^3, (9)^3, (7)^3, (5)^3, (3)^3$ 65. $1 \times 2 = 2$ $2 \times 3 = 6$ $6 \times 4 = 24$ $24 \times 5 = 120$ $120 \times 6 = 720$ 66.156,506,?,1806 156 + 350 = 506506 + 550 = 10561056 + 750 = 180667. 68. These are two letter series I Series: $B \xrightarrow{+2} D \xrightarrow{+2} F \xrightarrow{+2} H \xrightarrow{+2} I \xrightarrow{+2} I$

II Series:

$$Z \xrightarrow{-2} X \xrightarrow{-2} V \xrightarrow{-2} T \xrightarrow{-2} \mathbb{R} \xrightarrow{-2} \mathbb{P}$$

So, the correct answer is (a) LRP.

PRACTICE QUESTIONS - 1

Directions: In each of the following questions, a series is
given, with one term missing. Choose the correct alternative
from the given ones that will complete the series.2. AI, BJ, CK, ?
(a) DL
(c) GH

1. NOA, PQ	B, RSC, ?
------------	-----------

(a) TUD	(b) DTU
(c) ENO	(d) FNQ

2. AI, DJ, CK, ?	
(a) DL	(b) DM
(c) GH	(d) LM
3?_ DREQ, GUHT, JXKW	
(a) EFRS	(b) TGSF
(c) JWVI	(d) AOBN

20	Verbal Reasoning		
4. WTPM	IIFB _??_		19. ADG, GJ
(a) ZV	7	(b) XU	(a) SVW
(c) YU	J	(d) YV	(c) SUW
5. Find th	ne next term in the series:		20. (?), PSVY
	EOQ, HQS, ?		(a) BEHŀ
(a) KS		(b) LMN	(c) SVYB
(c) SC		(d) SOW	21. WORLD
. ,		(d) 50 W	(a) YQTN
6. A, D, H	1, IVI, ; , Z	$(\mathbf{l}_{\mathbf{r}}) \subset$	(c) YTQN
(a) B		(b) G	22. DFI, KM
(c) S		(d) N	(a) QSV
	O, IH, BA,?		(c) SUX
(a) ST		(b) RS	23. A, CD, C
(c) U]		(d) UV	(a) LMN
	ENTURE, DVENTURE, 1		(c) MNO
(a) D'	VENT	(b) VENTURE	24. WFB, TC
(c) VE	ENTUR	(d) DVENTU	(a) NIJ
(e) No	one of these		(c) NJK
9 Sorios	$\frac{AB}{C}, \frac{ZY}{X}, \frac{DE}{F}, \frac{WV}{U}, \frac{GH}{I}$	I	(e) PJK
9. Jerres.	C'X'F'U'I		25. ZTW, YS
SI	R	TS	(a) WTQ
(a) $\frac{SI}{\zeta}$	$\overline{\underline{0}}$	(b) $\frac{TS}{R}$	(c) WQT
$\sim SI$	Г	RS	26. BMRG, I
(c) $\frac{ST}{R}$	 }	(d) $\frac{RS}{Q}$	(a) JIZC
W U	ISQ		(c) GIFB
$10 \frac{1}{S}, \frac{1}{C}$	$\frac{I}{O}, \frac{S}{K}, \frac{Q}{G}, ?$		27. XYZCBA
(a) P/	R	(b) C/O	(a) DR
(c) R/	I	(d) O/C	(c) DS 28. MNOAB
11. HIIJ, 1	IJJK, JKKL, KLLM, LMM		(a) GK
(a) LN		(b) MNNP	(a) GR (c) GH
(c) N0		(d) MNNO	29. Y, B, T, C
	V, FUGT, HSIR,?		(a) N
(a) JK		(b) JPQK	(c) L
(c) JQ		(d) JPKQ	30. NOABO
(a) ST	HIJ, MNO, ?	(b) RST	(a) QRDI
(a) 31 (c) R1		(d) SRQ	(c) QSDE
(e) TU		(u) 5KQ	31. DIB, HM
14. b e d			(a) OTM
(a) i n	,	(b) m i	(c) PVO
(c) I n		(d) j m	32. Which te
	, FQX, KUZ,?.		YEB, WFI
(a) PY		(b) OXA	(a) QOL
(c) N	Ϋ́B	(d) MYB	(c) TOL
16. Find	the next two terms in the	series: A, C, F, J, ?, ?	33. aAbb, bE
(a) L,	Р	(b) M, O	(a) fFhh
(c) O,	U	(d) R, V	(c) gHii
	N, C, D, O, E, F, P, ?, ?, ?		34. B, E, I, L,
(a) G,		(b) G, H, J	
(c) G,		(d) J, K, L	(a) T (c) S
	h term will replace the que	estion mark in the series:	
	DGK, HMS, MTB, SBL, ?		35. AB, DEF
(a) Z I		(b) ZKW	(a) LMN (c) MNO
(c) ZA	AD.	(d) XKW	

19.	ADG, GJM, MPS,?	
	(a) SVW	(b) SVY
	(c) SUW	(d) SWY
20.	(?), PSVYB, EHKNQ, TWZCF, II	
	(a) BEHKN	(b) ADGJM
01	(c) SVYBE	(d) ZCFIL
21.	WORLD, XPSME,?, ZRUOG (a) YQTNF	(b) VDTNE
	(c) YTQNF	(b) YRTNF (d) YQNTF
22	DFI, KMP,?, YAD	(u) 1Q111
	(a) QSV	(b) RTW
	(c) SUX	(d) RTV
23.	A, CD, GHI, ?, UVWXY	
	(a) LMNO	(b) MNO
	(c) MNOP	(d) NOPQ
24.	WFB, TGD, QHG, ?	. ,
	(a) NIJ	(b) NIK
	(c) NJK	(d) OIK
	(e) PJK	
25.	ZTW, YSV, XRU,?	
	(a) WTQ	(b) QTW
	(c) WQT	(d) WQS
26.	BMRG, DLTF, FKVE, HJXD,	?
	(a) JIZC	(b) JZIB
	(c) GIFB	(d) MOLC
27.	XYZCBAUVWFE??	
	(a) DR	(b) RS
	(c) DS	(d) MN
28.	MNOABCPQRDEFST??	
	(a) GK	(b) UV
	(c) GH	(d) UG
29.	Y, B, T, G, O, ?	
	(a) N	(b) M
	(c) L	(d) K
30.	NOABOPBCPQCD????	
	(a) QRDE	(b) RTEF
24	(c) QSDE	(d) QRGI
31.	DIB, HMF, LQJ,?	
	(a) OTM	(b) QVO
22	(c) PVO	(d) PUN
	Which term comes next in the se	eries:
	YEB, WFD, UHG, SKI, ?	
	(a) QOL	(b) QGL
22	(c) TOL aAbb, bBcc, cCdd, dDee, eEff,?	(d) QNL
55.	(a) fFhh	(b) fFgg
	(c) gHii	(d) fHii
3/	B, E, I, L, P,?	(u) 11 11
54.	(a) T	(b) U
	(a) 1 (c) S	(d) R
35	AB, DEF, HIJK,?, STUVWX	(~) 1
50.	(a) LMNOP	(b) LMNOR
	(c) MNOPQ	(d) QRSTU
	(-)	() 2-1010

			Series Completion	21
36. T, R, P, N, L, ?, ?		46. ejo tyd ins xch ?		
(a) J, G	(b) K, I	(a) nrw	(b) mrw	
(c) J, H	(d) K, H	(c) msx	(d) nsx	
37. ZCBA, YFED, XIHG,?		(e) nsw		
(a) WLKM	(b) WJKL	47. CFI, IKM, OPQ,?		
(c) WKLJ	(d) WLKJ	(a) UUU	(b) UST	
38. FNC, HQG, JTK,?		(c) VUS	(d) TUV	
(a) LXO	(b) LMO	48. BDFH, IKMO, PRTV,? (a) WYAC	(b) WXYA	
(c) KMT	(d) LWO	(c) WXYZ	(d) WYXA	
39. QYK, ? , ISG, EPE		49. KDW, MGT, OJQ,?	(u) WIMI	
(a) NWJ	(b) MVI	(a) MNQ	(b) QNM	
(c) NVI	(d) MVJ	(c) NMQ	(d) QMN	
40. AGMSY, CIOUA, EKQWC,?, IC		50. ADH, DGK, GJN,?	() -	
(a) GMSYE	(b) FMSYE	(a) ORV	(b) JMP	
(c) GNSYD	(d) FMYES	(c) JLM	(d) JMQ	
41. a, r, c, s, e, t, g,,	(4) 11/11/20	51. A E I M ? U		
(a) x, z	(b) u, i	(a) Q	(b) P	
(d) x, z (c) w, y	(d) v, b	(c) N	(d) O	
42. ?, HJL, NPR, TVX, ZBD	(u) v, b	52. V, T,?, P, N		
(a) BDF	(b) BFD	(a) S	(b) Q	
		(c) O	(d) R	
(c) BED	(d) CFI	53. WVTSQPNMKJ??	(b) II	
43. Consider the following series:		(a) HG (c) GH	(b) IL (d) GF	
ABCDXYZ YXBA	B C D Y Z Y X	54. Find the next two letters i		
C B A B C Y Z		BCEHL??	it the given series.	
(a) B	(b) C	(a) XY	(b) MN	
(c) X	(d) Y	(c) QW	(d) OP	
44. DF, GJ, KM, NQ, RT,?		55. CGK, EJP, GMU,?		
(a) EI	(b) UX	(a) IRT	(b) IPZ	
(c) UV	(d) XY	(c) FNV	(d) JLN	
45. G, I, L, P,?		56. AGM, BHN, CIO,?		
(a) E	(b) U	(a) COU	(b) FQK	
(c) O	(d) X	(c) DJP	(d) QXD	

ANSWER KEY

1. (a)	2. (a)	3. (d)	4. (c)	5. (a)	6. (c)	7. (c)	8. (c)	9. (b)	10. (d)
11. (d)	12. (c)	13. (a)	14. (a)	15. (a)	16. (c)	17. (c)	18. (b)	19. (b)	20. (b)
21. (a)	22. (b)	23. (c)	24. (b)	25. (c)	26. (a)	27. (a)	28. (d)	29. (c)	30. (a)
31. (d)	32. (a)	33. (b)	34. (c)	35. (c)	36. (c)	37. (d)	38. (d)	39. (b)	40. (a)
41. (b)	42. (a)	43. (a)	44. (b)	45. (b)	46. (b)	47. (a)	48. (a)	49. (d)	50. (d)
51. (a)	52. (d)	53. (a)	54. (c)	55. (b)	56. (c)				

EXPLANATIONS

2. 1st letter:

$$A \xrightarrow{+1} B \xrightarrow{+1} C \xrightarrow{+1} D$$

2nd letter:

$$I \xrightarrow{+1} J \xrightarrow{+1} K \xrightarrow{+1} L$$

3.

$$A \xrightarrow{+3} D \xrightarrow{+3} G \xrightarrow{+3} J$$

$$O \xrightarrow{+3} R \xrightarrow{+3} U \xrightarrow{+3} X$$

$$B \xrightarrow{+3} E \xrightarrow{+3} H \xrightarrow{+3} K$$

$$N \xrightarrow{+3} Q \xrightarrow{+3} T \xrightarrow{+3} W$$

4. W
$$\xrightarrow{-3}$$
 T $\xrightarrow{-4}$ P $\xrightarrow{-3}$ M $\xrightarrow{-4}$ I
 $\xrightarrow{-3}$ F $\xrightarrow{-4}$ B $\xrightarrow{-3}$ Y $\xrightarrow{-4}$ U

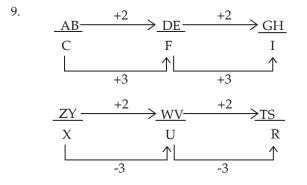
5. The following pattern is obtained in the series:

1^{st}	Word:	$B \xrightarrow{+3} 1$	$E \xrightarrow{+3} H$	$\xrightarrow{+3}$ K
2 nd	Word:	$M \xrightarrow{+2} 0$	$\rightarrow \qquad \stackrel{+2}{\longrightarrow} Q$	$\xrightarrow{+2}$ S
3 rd	Word:	$O \xrightarrow{+2} O$	$Q \xrightarrow{+2} S$	$\xrightarrow{+2}$ U

Thus, the missing term is KSU.

^{6.} A
$$\xrightarrow{+3}$$
 D $\xrightarrow{+4}$ H $\xrightarrow{+5}$ M $\xrightarrow{+6}$ S $\xrightarrow{+7}$ Z

8. One letter from the beginning and one from the end of a term are removed, one by one, in alternate steps.



HIIJ, IJJK, JKKL, KLLM, LMMN,? Each and every letter in a term is succeeded by its next letter in its consecutive terms.

Obviously, the next term will be MNNO.

12. D
$$\xrightarrow{+2}$$
 F $\xrightarrow{+2}$ H $\xrightarrow{+2}$ J
W $\xrightarrow{-2}$ U $\xrightarrow{-2}$ S $\xrightarrow{-2}$ Q
E $\xrightarrow{+2}$ G $\xrightarrow{+2}$ I $\xrightarrow{+2}$ K
V $\xrightarrow{-2}$ T $\xrightarrow{-2}$ R $\xrightarrow{-2}$ P

13. 1st letter:

$$D \xrightarrow{+4} H \xrightarrow{+5} M \xrightarrow{+6} S$$

2nd letter:

$$E \xrightarrow{+4} I \xrightarrow{+5} N \xrightarrow{+6} T$$

3rd letter:

15.

$$F \xrightarrow{+4} J \xrightarrow{+5} O \xrightarrow{+6} U$$

14. The series may be divided into groups as shown: b e d / f ? h / j ? l

Clearly in the first group, the second and third letters are respectively three and two steps ahead of the first letter. A similar pattern would follow in the second and third groups.

$$A \xrightarrow{+5} F \xrightarrow{+5} K \xrightarrow{+5} P$$
$$M \xrightarrow{+4} Q \xrightarrow{+4} U \xrightarrow{+4} Y$$
$$V \xrightarrow{+2} \chi \xrightarrow{+2} Z \xrightarrow{+2} B$$

16. Here, the first, second, third,..... letters of the series are respectively moved two, three, four,.... Steps forward to obtain the successive terms of the series. Thus, the fifth term in the series must be a letter which is five steps ahead of J i.e., O, while the sixth term must be a letter six steps ahead of O i.e., U.

Thus, the resultant series will be

$$A \xrightarrow{+2} C \xrightarrow{+3} F \xrightarrow{+4} J \xrightarrow{+5} O \xrightarrow{+6} U$$

So, the missing terms are O and U.

17. The given series may be divided into 2 groups: I. A, B, C, D, E, F, ?, ? and II. N, O, P, ?

Clearly, the given series consists of two terms of I followed by one term of II.

24 1st letter The missing terms in I are G and H while the missing term in II in Q.

18. The individual letters of the terms of the given series follows the pattern given below: Thus, the missing term is ZKW.

1st Letter: $A \xrightarrow{+3} D \xrightarrow{+4} H \xrightarrow{+5} M \xrightarrow{+6} S \xrightarrow{+7} Z$ 2nd Letter: $B \xrightarrow{+5} G \xrightarrow{+6} M \xrightarrow{+7} T \xrightarrow{+8} B \xrightarrow{+9} \overline{K}$ 3rd Letter: $D \xrightarrow{+7} K \xrightarrow{+8} S \xrightarrow{+9} B \xrightarrow{+10} L \xrightarrow{+11} W$

Thus, the missing term is ZKW

19.

$$\begin{array}{c} 1 & \xrightarrow{+6} & \overrightarrow{G} & \xrightarrow{+6} & \cancel{M} & \xrightarrow{+6} & \overrightarrow{S} \\ A & \xrightarrow{+6} & J & \xrightarrow{+6} & P & \xrightarrow{-7} & Y \\ D & \xrightarrow{-46} & \cancel{M} & \xrightarrow{+6} & P & \xrightarrow{-46} & \begin{array}{c} 19 \\ P & \xrightarrow{-46} & \cancel{M} & \xrightarrow{+6} & \begin{array}{c} 10 \\ P & \xrightarrow{-46} & \cancel{M} & \xrightarrow{-46} & \begin{array}{c} 19 \\ P & \xrightarrow{-46} & \cancel{M} & \xrightarrow{-46} & \begin{array}{c} 22 \\ V \\ S \\ \end{array}$$

20.

$$P \xrightarrow{+3} S \xrightarrow{+3} V \xrightarrow{+3} Y \xrightarrow{+3} B$$

$$E \xrightarrow{+3} H \xrightarrow{+3} K \xrightarrow{+3} N \xrightarrow{+3} Q$$

$$T \xrightarrow{+3} W \xrightarrow{+3} Z \xrightarrow{+3} C \xrightarrow{+3} F$$

$$I \xrightarrow{+3} L \xrightarrow{+3} O \xrightarrow{+3} R \xrightarrow{+3} U$$

Now, $P \xrightarrow{+4} T$, $E \xrightarrow{+4} I$

Therefore, the first letter of the first term should be

$$E \xrightarrow{-4} A$$

$$A \xrightarrow{+3} D \xrightarrow{+3} G \xrightarrow{+3} J \xrightarrow{+3} M$$
21.
$$W \xrightarrow{+1} X \xrightarrow{+1} Y \xrightarrow{+1} Z$$

$$\begin{array}{c|c} O \xrightarrow{+1} P \xrightarrow{+1} Q & \xrightarrow{+1} R \\ R \xrightarrow{+1} S \xrightarrow{+1} T & \xrightarrow{+1} U \\ L \xrightarrow{+1} M \xrightarrow{+1} N & \xrightarrow{+1} O \\ D \xrightarrow{+1} E \xrightarrow{+1} F & \xrightarrow{+1} G \end{array}$$

22.

$$D \xrightarrow{+1} E \xrightarrow{+1} F \xrightarrow{+1} G$$

$$D \xrightarrow{+7} K \xrightarrow{+7} R \xrightarrow{+7} Y$$

$$F \xrightarrow{+7} M \xrightarrow{+7} T \xrightarrow{+7} A$$

$$I \xrightarrow{+7} P \xrightarrow{+7} W \xrightarrow{+7} D$$

23. Each term consists of consecutive letters in order. The number of letters in the terms goes on increasing by one at each step. Also, there is a gap of one letter between the last letter of the first term and the first letter of the second term; a gap of two letters between the last letter of the second term and the first letter of the third term; and so on. So, there should be a gap of three letters between the last letter of the third term and the first letter of the desire term. Hence, LMNO is the missing term in the series.

W
$$\xrightarrow{-3}$$
 T $\xrightarrow{-3}$ Q $\xrightarrow{-3}$ N
2nd letter:
F $\xrightarrow{+1}$ G $\xrightarrow{+1}$ H $\xrightarrow{+1}$ (1)
3rd letter:
B $\xrightarrow{+2}$ D $\xrightarrow{+3}$ G $\xrightarrow{+4}$ (K)
25. Z $\xrightarrow{-1}$ Y $\xrightarrow{-1}$ X $\xrightarrow{-1}$ (W)
T $\xrightarrow{-1}$ S $\xrightarrow{-1}$ R $\xrightarrow{-1}$ (Q)
W $\xrightarrow{-1}$ V $\xrightarrow{-1}$ U $\xrightarrow{-1}$ (Z)
26. B $\xrightarrow{+2}$ D $\xrightarrow{+2}$ F $\xrightarrow{+2}$ H $\xrightarrow{+2}$ J $\xrightarrow{+2}$ J
M $\xrightarrow{+2}$ L $\xrightarrow{+2}$ K $\xrightarrow{+2}$ J $\xrightarrow{+2}$ J $\xrightarrow{+2}$ J
R $\xrightarrow{+2}$ T $\xrightarrow{+2}$ V $\xrightarrow{+2}$ Z $\xrightarrow{+2}$ J $\xrightarrow{-1}$ (Z)
27. XYZCBAUVWFE _? ___? ___
X Y Z U V W (R) ST
C B A F E [D]
The preceding three terms of the first three le

The preceding three terms of the first three letters is placed after every three letters. Similarly, the next three letters also had its preceding three terms after the next three letters. In this way, DR is the next term in the series.



28.

30.

The consecutive terms of the first three letters is placed after every three letters. Similarly, the next three letters also had its consecutive terms after the next three letters. In this way, UG is the next term in the given series.

29. The given sequence is a combination of two series: I. Y, T, O and II. B, G, ?

I consists of 2nd, 7th and 12th letters from the end of the English alphabet, while

II consists of 2nd, 7th and 12th letters from the beginning of the English alphabet.

So, the missing letter in II is the 12th letter from the beginning of the English alphabet, which is L.

 $N \xrightarrow{+1} O \xrightarrow{+1} P \xrightarrow{+1} O$ $O \xrightarrow{+1} P \xrightarrow{+1} O \xrightarrow{+1} R$ $A \xrightarrow{+1} B \xrightarrow{+1} C \xrightarrow{+1} D$ $B \xrightarrow{+1} C \xrightarrow{+1} D \xrightarrow{+1} E$ 31. $\begin{array}{c} 4 \\ D \xrightarrow{+4} B \\ H \xrightarrow{+4} L \xrightarrow{+4} P \end{array}$ $\stackrel{9}{I} \xrightarrow{+4} \stackrel{13}{M} \xrightarrow{+4} \stackrel{17}{Q} \xrightarrow{+4} \begin{vmatrix} 21\\ U \end{vmatrix}$ $\begin{array}{c} 2 \\ B \end{array} \xrightarrow{+4} \begin{array}{c} 6 \\ F \end{array} \xrightarrow{+4} \begin{array}{c} 10 \\ I \end{array} \xrightarrow{+4} \begin{array}{c} 14 \\ N \end{array}$

| 24 | Verbal Reasoning

32. The pattern followed in the first, second and third series 41. There are two alternating series: is observed as follows:

1st Letter:
$$Y \xrightarrow{-2} W \xrightarrow{-2} U \xrightarrow{-2} S \xrightarrow{-2} Q$$

2nd Letter: $E \xrightarrow{+1} F \xrightarrow{+2} H \xrightarrow{+3} K \xrightarrow{+4} O$
3rd Letter: $B \xrightarrow{+2} D \xrightarrow{+3} G \xrightarrow{+2} I \xrightarrow{+3} L$
Thus, the missing term is QOL.
33. The second element of each term has been written in

capital letter $a \longrightarrow b \longrightarrow c \longrightarrow d \longrightarrow e \longrightarrow f$ $b \longrightarrow c \longrightarrow d \longrightarrow e \longrightarrow f \longrightarrow g$ Therefore,? = fFgg 34. $\stackrel{2}{B} \xrightarrow{+3} \stackrel{5}{\longrightarrow} \stackrel{+4}{E} \xrightarrow{9} \stackrel{+3}{\longrightarrow} \stackrel{12}{L} \xrightarrow{+4} \stackrel{16}{\longrightarrow} \stackrel{+3}{P} \xrightarrow{19} \stackrel{19}{S}$

35. J+2 DEF ↓+2 \downarrow^{+2} HIJK \downarrow^{+2} <u>MNOPQ</u> \downarrow^{-} _S

In each next term one letter is increasing.

36. $\stackrel{24}{\overset{-2}{\longrightarrow}} \stackrel{12}{\overset{-2}{\xrightarrow}} \stackrel{10}{\overset{-2}{\xrightarrow}} \stackrel{-2}{\overset{10}{\xrightarrow}} \stackrel{8}{\overset{H}{\xrightarrow}}$ $Z \xrightarrow{-1} Y \xrightarrow{-1} X \xrightarrow{-1} W$ 37. $C \xrightarrow{+3} F \xrightarrow{+3} I \xrightarrow{+3} L$ $B \xrightarrow{+3} E \xrightarrow{+3} H \xrightarrow{+3} K$ $A \xrightarrow{+3} D \xrightarrow{+3} G \xrightarrow{+3} I$ $F \xrightarrow{+2} H \xrightarrow{+2} J \xrightarrow{+2} L$ 38. $N \xrightarrow{+3} Q \xrightarrow{+3} T \xrightarrow{+3} W$ $C \xrightarrow{+4} G \xrightarrow{+4} K \xrightarrow{+4} 0$ 17 13 9 5 39.

$$Q \xrightarrow{-4} M \xrightarrow{-4} I \xrightarrow{-4} E$$

$$25 \\ Y \xrightarrow{-3} V \xrightarrow{-3} S \xrightarrow{-3} P$$

$$11 \\ K \xrightarrow{-2} I \xrightarrow{9} I \xrightarrow{-2} G \xrightarrow{-2} E$$

40.
$$A \xrightarrow{+2} C \xrightarrow{+2} E \xrightarrow{+2} G \xrightarrow{+2} I \xrightarrow{+2} K$$

 $G \xrightarrow{+2} I \xrightarrow{+2} K \xrightarrow{+2} M \xrightarrow{+2} O \xrightarrow{+2} Q$
 $M \xrightarrow{+2} O \xrightarrow{+2} Q \xrightarrow{+2} S \xrightarrow{+2} U \xrightarrow{+2} W$
 $S \xrightarrow{+2} U \xrightarrow{+2} W \xrightarrow{+2} Y \xrightarrow{+2} A \xrightarrow{+2} C$
 $Y \xrightarrow{+2} A \xrightarrow{+2} C \xrightarrow{+2} E \xrightarrow{+2} G \xrightarrow{+2} I$

a
$$\xrightarrow{+2}$$
 c $\xrightarrow{+2}$ e $\xrightarrow{+2}$ g $\xrightarrow{+2}$ i
r $\xrightarrow{+1}$ s $\xrightarrow{+1}$ t $\xrightarrow{+1}$ u

Therefore,? = ui

^{42.} 2
$$\xrightarrow{+6}$$
 8 $\xrightarrow{+6}$ $\xrightarrow{14}$ $\xrightarrow{+6}$ $\xrightarrow{14}$ $\xrightarrow{+6}$ 20 $\xrightarrow{+6}$ 26
 $\xrightarrow{4}$ $\xrightarrow{+6}$ $\xrightarrow{10}$ $\xrightarrow{+6}$ \xrightarrow{P} $\xrightarrow{22}$ $\xrightarrow{+6}$ 28 (26 + 2)
 $\xrightarrow{6}$ $\xrightarrow{+6}$ $\xrightarrow{12}$ $\xrightarrow{+6}$ $\xrightarrow{18}$ $\xrightarrow{+6}$ $\xrightarrow{24}$ $\xrightarrow{+6}$ $\xrightarrow{30}$ (26 + 4)
 $\xrightarrow{6}$ $\xrightarrow{+6}$ \xrightarrow{L} \xrightarrow{R} \xrightarrow{R} $\xrightarrow{24}$ $\xrightarrow{+6}$ D

43. We have 3 patterns:

I. ABCXYZ which occurs only once.

II. YX....YZ, which repeats alternately.

Now, I has 26 terms.

So, number of terms before the desired term =(999-26)=973

Each of the patterns which occurs after I, has 25 letters. Now, $973 \div 25$ gives quotient = 38 and remainder = 23. Thus, the 1000th term of the given series is the 24th term of the 39th pattern after I.

Clearly, the 39th pattern is II and its 24th term is B.

44.
$$D \xrightarrow{+3} G \xrightarrow{+4} K \xrightarrow{+3} N \xrightarrow{+4} R \xrightarrow{+3} U$$

 $F \xrightarrow{+4} J \xrightarrow{+3} M \xrightarrow{+4} Q \xrightarrow{+3} T \xrightarrow{+4} X$

45.
$$\begin{array}{c} 7 \\ G \xrightarrow{+2} 9 \\ +3 \\ H \xrightarrow{+3} P \xrightarrow{+3} P \xrightarrow{+5} U \end{array}$$

- 46. There is a gap of four letters between the first and second, the second and third letters of each term, and also between the last letter of a term and the first letter of the next term.
- $C \xrightarrow{+6} I \xrightarrow{+6} O \xrightarrow{+6} II$ 47. $F \xrightarrow{+5} K \xrightarrow{+5} P \xrightarrow{+5} U$ $I \xrightarrow{+4} M \xrightarrow{+4} O \xrightarrow{+4} U$
- 48. $B \xrightarrow{+7} I \xrightarrow{+7} P \xrightarrow{+7} W$ $D \xrightarrow{+7} K \xrightarrow{+7} R \xrightarrow{+7} Y$ $F \xrightarrow{+7} M \xrightarrow{+7} T \xrightarrow{+7} A$ $H \xrightarrow{+7} O \xrightarrow{+7} V \xrightarrow{+7} C$

49.
$$K \xrightarrow{+2} M \xrightarrow{+2} O \xrightarrow{+2} Q$$
$$D \xrightarrow{+3} G \xrightarrow{+3} J \xrightarrow{+3} M$$
$$W \xrightarrow{-3} T \xrightarrow{-3} Q \xrightarrow{-3} N$$

51.
$$\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ A \xrightarrow{+4} E \xrightarrow{+4} 9 \\ H \xrightarrow{+4} M \xrightarrow{+4} Q \xrightarrow{+4} 13 \\ H \xrightarrow{+4} Q \xrightarrow{+4} U \end{array}$$

52.
$$22 \xrightarrow{-2} 20 \xrightarrow{-2} R \xrightarrow{-2} P \xrightarrow{-2} P \xrightarrow{-2} N$$

53.
$$V \xrightarrow{-2} V \xrightarrow{-2} P \xrightarrow{-$$

^{54.} B $\xrightarrow{+1}$ C $\xrightarrow{+2}$ E $\xrightarrow{+3}$ H $\xrightarrow{+4}$ L $\xrightarrow{+5}$ Q $\xrightarrow{+6}$ W

$$C \xrightarrow{+2} E \xrightarrow{+2} G \xrightarrow{+2} I$$

$$G \xrightarrow{+3} J \xrightarrow{+3} M \xrightarrow{+3} P$$

$$K \xrightarrow{+5} P \xrightarrow{+5} U \xrightarrow{+5} Z$$

56.
$$A \xrightarrow{+1} B \xrightarrow{+1} C \xrightarrow{+1} D$$
$$G \xrightarrow{+1} H \xrightarrow{+1} I \xrightarrow{+1} J$$
$$M \xrightarrow{+1} N \xrightarrow{+1} O \xrightarrow{+1} P$$

PRACTICE QUESTIONS - 2

55.

Directions: In each of the following questions, a series		13. 48, 24, 96, 48, 192,?			
is given, with one term missing. Choose the correct		(a) 98	(b) 90		
alternative from the given ones t	hat will complete the	(c) 96	(d) 76		
series.		14. 4, 6, 12, 14, 28, 30, ?			
1. 5760, 960, ?, 48, 16, 8		(a) 32	(b) 60		
(a) 240	(b) 192	(c) 62	(d) 64		
(c) 160	(d) 120	15. 1, 5, 13, 25, 41, ?			
2. 12, 21, 23, 32, 34, ?		(a) 51	(b) 57		
(a) 43	(b) 41	(c) 61	(d) 63		
(c) 25	(d) 35	16. In the series 10, 17, 24, 32, 38,	Which of the following		
3. 100, 52, 28, 16, 10, ?		will be a number of the series?			
(a) 5	(b) 7	(a) 48	(b) 346		
(c) 8	(d) 9	(c) 574	(d) 1003		
4. 3, 4, 7, 7, 13, 13, 21, 22, 31, 34, ?		17. 8, 17, 36, 75, ?			
(a) 42	(b) 43	(a) 154	(b) 124		
(c) 51	(d) 52	(c) 174	(d) 144		
5. 2460, 3570, 4680, ?	(a) 02	18. 1, 3, 4, 7, 11?			
(a) 8640	(b) 5670	(a) 18	(b) 17		
	(b) 5670	(c) 15	(d) 16		
(c) 5970	(d) 5790	19. 118, 182, 186, 222, ?			
6. 3, 7, 15, 31, 63, 127,?	$(\mathbf{L}) 2(0)$	(a) 318	(b) 266		
(a) 255	(b) 260	(c) 258	(d) 226		
(c) 245 7 1 0 25 40 81 2	(d) 265	20. 1, 3, 3, 6, 7, 9, ?, 12, 21			
7. 1, 9, 25, 49, 81, ?	(h) 110	(a) 10	(b) 11		
(a) 100 (a) 121	(b) 112	(c) 12	(d) 13		
(c) 121 8 1 4 27 16 2 26 242	(d) 144	21. 5, 2, 7, 9, 16, 25, ?			
8. 1, 4, 27, 16,?, 36, 343 (a) 25	(b) 87	(a) 41	(b) 45		
(c) 120	(d) 125	(c) 48	(d) 52		
9. 11, 10, ?, 100, 1001, 1000, 10001	(u) 125	22. 10, 100, 200, 310?	(4) 02		
(a) 101	(b) 110	(a) 400	(b) 410		
(c) 111	(d) None of these	(c) 420	(d) 430		
10. 4117, 5138, 6159, 7170,?	(u) None of these	23. 5, 9, 13, 17,?, 25	(4) 100		
(a) 7138	(b) 7659	(a) 27	(b) 23		
(c) 8191	(d) 8179	(c) 21	(d) 19		
11. 20, 20, 19, 16, 17, 13, 14, 11, ?, ?	(4) 01/ 2	24. 240, ?, 120, 40, 10, 2	(4) 17		
(a) 10, 10	(b) 10,11	(a) 180	(b) 240		
(c) 13, 14	(d) 13, 16	(c) 420	(d) 480		
12. 264, 396, 473, 583,?	× / -/ -	25. 7, 22, 37,?, 67, 82	(4) 100		
(a) 597	(b) 673	(a) 40	(b) 42		
(c) 729	(d) 792	(c) 52	(d) 62		
. /	· ·		()		

26. 6, 11, 21, 36, 56,?	
(a) 51	(b) 91
(c) 42	(d) 81
27. 100, 200, 310, 430, ?	< / /
(a) 550	(b) 510
	(d) 560
(c) 520	(u) 560
28. 3, 10, 20, 33, 49, 68, ?	a
(a) 75	(b) 85
(c) 90	(d) 91
29. 2, 1, 2, 4, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 8, 10, 11, ?	
(a) 9	(b) 10
(c) 11	(d) 12
30. 4/12/95, 1/1/96, 29/1/96, 26/2/96,	
(a) 24/3/96	(b) 25/3/96
(c) 26/3/96	(d) 27/3/96
31. In the series 2, 6, 18, 54,, what	
(a) 4370	(b) 4374
(c) 7443	(d) 7434
32. 15, 31, 64, 131, ?	
(a) 266	(b) 256
(c) 192	(d) 524
33. 3, 10, 101, ?	
(a) 10101	(b) 11012
(c) 10202	(d) 10201
34. 13, 35, 57, 79, 911, ?	
(a) 1110	(b) 1112
(c) 1113	(d) 1315
35. 7714, 7916, 8109,?	(u) 1010
(a) 8311	(b) 8312
(c) 8509	(d) 8515
36. 5824, 5242, ?, 4247, 3823	(4) 0010
(a) 4467	(b) 4718
(c) 4856	(d) 5164
37. 6, 10, 18, 34, ?	(u) 5104
(a) 46	(b) 56
(c) 66	(d) 76
38. 3, 10, 29, 66, 127, ?	(u) / 0
(a) 164	(b) 187
(c) 216	(d) 218
39. 40, 60, 47, 53, 54,?	(u) 210
(a) 33	(b) 39
(c) 46	(d) 61
40. 18, 24, 21, 27, ? , 30, 27	(u) 01
(a) 33	(b) 30
(c) 24	(d) 21
41. 2, 12, 36, 80, 150, ?	(u) 21
(a) 194	(b) 210
(c) 252	(d) 258
42. 1, 4, 10, 22, 46, ?	(u) 200
42. 1, 4, 10, 22, 40, 9 (a) 64	(b) 86
(a) 04 (c) 94	(d) 122
43. 4, 8, 12, 24, 36,?	(u) 122
(a) 72	(b) 48
(c) 60	(d) 144
	(u) 177

44. 3, 8, 13, 24, 41, ?	
(a) 70	(b) 75
(c) 80	(d) 85
45. 3, 28, 4, 65, 5, 126, 6, ?	
(a) 215	(b) 216
(c) 217	(d) 218
46. 3691, 6931, 9361, 3691,?	
(a) 1369	(b) 6931
(c) 1963	(d) 3961
47. Which of the following will n	
series 1, 8, 27, 64, 125,?	for be a number of the
(a) 256	(b) 512
(c) 729	(d) 1000
48. 1, 9, 25, 49, ?, 121	(1) 01
(a) 64	(b) 81
(c) 91	(d) 100
49. 0, 2, 6, 12,?, 30, 42	
(a) 24	(b) 20
(c) 21	(d) 22
50. 5, 7, 11, 19, 35, 67,?, 259	
(a) 130	(b) 129
(c) 131	(d) 140
51. 3, 15, 35, 63,?	
(a) 77	(b) 84
(c) 99	(d) 98
52. 22, 24, 28,?, 52, 84	
(a) 46	(b) 36
(c) 38	(d) 42
53. In the series 3, 9, 15,, what v	
(a) 117	(b) 121
	(d) 129
(c) 123	(u) 129
54. 110, 132, 156,?, 210	(1-) 170
(a) 162	(b) 172
(c) 182	(d) 192
55. 1, 2, 2, 4, 8, ?	
(a) 8	(b) 9
(c) 16	(d) 32
56. 7, 12, 22, 37,?, 82, 112, 147	
(a) 50	(b) 58
(c) 57	(d) 156
57. –1, 2, 7, ? , 23, 34, 47	
(a) 13	(b) 14
(c) 12	(d) 15
58. 3, 7, 23, 95, ?	
(a) 575	(b) 479
(c) 128	(d) 62
59. 10, 22, 46, 94, ?	
(a) 180	(b) 184
(c) 190	(d) 140
60. 2, 5, 10, 17, 26, 37, 50,?	
(a) 63	(b) 65
(c) 67	(d) 69

			Series Completion	27
61. 2, 5, 9, 19, 37, ?		(c) 35	(d) 56	
(a) 73	(b) 75	65. 26, 37, 50, 65,?, 101		
(c) 76	(d) 78	(a) 77	(b) 80	
62. 4, 3, 7, 10, 17, 27, ?		(c) 81	(d) 82	
(a) 44	(b) 34	66. 10, 18, 28, 40, 54, 70, ?		
(c) 52	(d) 48	(a) 85	(b) 86	
63. 4, 24, 48, 80,?, 168		(c) 87	(d) 88	
(a) 120	(b) 108	67. 33, 28, 24, ? , 19, 18		
(c) 96	(d) 72	(a) 21	(b) 22	
64. 3, 15, ? , 63, 99, 143		(c) 20	(d) 23	
(a) 27	(b) 45			

ANSWER KEY

1. (b)	2. (a)	3. (b)	4. (b)	5. (d)	6. (a)	7. (c)	8. (d)	9. (a)	10. (c)
11. (a)	12. (d)	13. (c)	14. (b)	15. (c)	16. (b)	17. (a)	18. (a)	19. (d)	20. (d)
21. (a)	22. (d)	23. (c)	24. (b)	25. (c)	26. (d)	27. (d)	28. (c)	29. (b)	30. (b)
31. (b)	32. (a)	33. (c)	34. (c)	35. (a)	36. (b)	37. (c)	38. (d)	39. (c)	40. (c)
41. (c)	42. (c)	43. (a)	44. (a)	45. (c)	46. (b)	47. (a)	48. (b)	49. (b)	50. (c)
51. (c)	52. (b)	53. (c)	54. (c)	55. (c)	56. (c)	57. (b)	58. (b)	59. (c)	60. (b)
61. (b)	62. (a)	63. (a)	64. (c)	65. (d)	66. (d)	67. (a)			

EXPLANATIONS

1. $5760 \ 960 \ 192 \ 48 \ 16 \ 8$ $\div 6 \ \div 5 \ \div 4 \ \div 3 \ \div 2$

2.

 $\begin{array}{c} +11 \\ 12 \\ 21 \\ 23 \\ 32 \\ 34 \\ 43 \\ +11 \\ +11 \end{array}$

3. The given number series is based on the following pattern:

$$\frac{100}{2} + 2 = 50 + 2 = 52$$

$$\frac{52}{2} + 2 = 26 + 2 = 28$$

$$\frac{28}{2} + 2 = 14 + 2 = 16$$

$$\frac{16}{2} + 2 = 8 + 2 = 10$$

$$\frac{10}{2} + 2 = 5 + 2 = 7$$

4. The given series is the combination of the following two series.

- First series: 3, 7, 13, 21, 31, ? Second series: 4, 7, 13, 22, 34 Pattern in First Series: + 4, + 6, + 8, + 10, ... Pattern in Second Series: + 3, + 6, + 9, + 12, ...
- Hence, the missing term = 31 + 12 = 43.
- 5. The given number is based on the following pattern: 24 + 11 = 35 & 60 + 10 = 70

$$35 + 11 = 46 \& 70 + 10 = 80$$

46 + 11 = 57 & 80 + 10 = 90

Therefore, the number 5790 would come in the place of question mark.

6. Here on adding 1 to the double of the first term, we get the next term.

As required $3 \times 2 + 1 = 7$ $7 \times 2 + 1 = 15$

- $15 \times 2 + 1 = 31$ $31 \times 2 + 1 = 63$
- $63 \times 2 + 1 = 127$

$$127 \times 2 + 1 = 255$$

7. The series consists of squares of consecutive odd number *i.e.* 1², 3², 5², 7², 9²,...

So, missing term $11^2 = 121$.

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numbers and squares of even numbers. i.e., 1³, 2², 3³, 4², 5³, 6², 7³ So, the missing term = $5^3 = 125$

9. The pattern is -1, × 10 + 1, -1, × 10 + 1, -1, × 10 + 1,... Hence, the missing term = $10 \times 10 + 1 = 101$

10.

1st series 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 2nd series 11, 13, 15, 17, 19 3rd series 7, 8, 9, 0, 1

- 11. Let the missing terms of the series by x_1 and x_2 . Thus, the sequence 20, 20, 19, 16, 17, 13, 14, 11, *x*₁, *x*₂ is a combination of two series:
 - I. 20, 19, 17, 14, *x*₁ and II. 20, 16, 13, 11, *x*₂

The pattern in I is -1, -2, -3,.... So, missing term, $x_1 = 14 - 4 = 10.$

The pattern in II is -4, -3, -2..... So, missing term, $x_2 = 11 - 1 = 10$.

12. The sum of the first and third digits is equal to the middle digit.

2 + 4 = 6, 3 + 6 = 9, 4 + 3 = 7, 5 + 3 = 8Similarly, 7 + 2 = 9

- 13. The given number series is based on the following $\frac{26}{2}$ pattern:
 - $48 \div 2 = 24$
 - $24 \times 4 = 96$
 - $96 \div 2 = 48$
 - $48 \times 4 = 192$
 - $192 \div 2 = 96$
- 14. The series given above is a combination of two series: First Series: 4, 12, 28, ?

Second Series: 6, 14, 30, ...

The pattern followed in each of the series is given by + 8, + 16, + 32,.... Hence, the missing number = (28 + 32) = 60

The answer is 60.

- 15. The pattern is +4, +8, +12, +16, So, missing term = 41 + 20 = 61.
- 16. The given series consists of numbers each of which, on dividing by 7, leaves a remainder 3. No other number except 346 satisfies the property.
- $17.8 \times 2 + 1 = 17$

 $17 \times 2 + 2 = 36$

 $36 \times 2 + 3 = 75$

 $75 \times 2 + 4 = 154$

- 18.1 + 3 = 4, 3 + 4 = 7;
 - 4 + 7 = 11;
 - 7 + 11 = 18
- 19. 118 + 64 = 182 and 182 + 4 = 186186 + 36 = 222 and

222 + 4 = 226

8. Clearly, the given series consists of cubes of odd 20. This series is a combination of the two following series: First Series: 1, 3, 7, ?, 21 Second Series: 3, 6, 9, 12 Pattern in First Series: + 2, + 4, Pattern in Second Series: + 3

> Hence, the missing number = (7 + 6) = 13The answer is 13.

21. The terms except the first two terms is the sum of the preceding two terms in the given series.

Hence, the missing term = 16 + 25 = 41

- 22. The given number series is based on the following pattern:
 - 10 + 90 = 100

100 + (90 + 10) = 200

- 200 + (90 + 20) = 310
- 310 + (90 + 30) = 430
- 23.5 + 4 = 9;
 - 9 + 4 = 13;13 + 4 = 17
 - 17 + 4 = 21
 - 21 + 4 = 25
- 24. The pattern is $\div 1$, $\div 2$, $\div 3$, $\div 4$, $\div 5$.

So, missing term = $240 \div 1 = 240$

- 27. The pattern is + 100, + 110, + 120, + 130, So, missing term = 430 + 130 = 560.
- 28. The given number series is based on the following pattern:
 - 3 + 7 = 10; 10 + 10 = 20
 - 20 + 13 = 33; 33 + 16 = 49
 - 49 + 19 = 68; 68 + 22 = 90
- 29. The given series is a combination of the following three series.

Series I: 1st, 4th, 7th, 10th, 13th terms i.e., 2, 4, 6, 8, ?

Series II: 2nd, 5th, 8th, 11th terms i.e., 1, 4, 7, 10

Series III: 3rd, 6th, 9th, 12th terms i.e., 2, 5, 8, 11

Clearly, the first term consists of consecutive even numbers. Hence, the missing term is 10.

30. 4/12/95 to 1/1/96 = 28 days 1/1/96 to 29/1/96 = 28 days 29/1/96 to 26/2/96 = 28 days 26/2/96 to 25/3/96 = 28 days

Remember: 1996 was a leap year and hence the month of February contained 29 days.

- 31. Clearly, $2 \times 3 = 6$, $6 \times 3 = 18$, $18 \times 3 = 54$,... So the series is a GP in which a = 2, r = 3 \therefore 8th term = $ar^{8-1} = ar^7$ $= 2 \times 3^7 = 2 \times 2187 = 4374$
- 32. The given number series is based on the following pattern:

 $15\times2+1=31$

 $31 \times 2 + 2 = 64$

- $64 \times 2 + 3 = 131$ $131 \times 2 + 4 = 266$
- 33. The given number series is based on the following pattern:
 - $3 \times 3 + 1 = 10$
 - $10 \times 10 + 1 = 101$
 - $101 \times 101 + 1 = 10202$
- 34. The terms of the given series are numbers formed by joining together consecutive odd numbers in order i.e. 1 and 3, 3 and 5, 5 and 7, 7 and 9, 9 and 11, So, missing term = number formed by joining 11 and 13 = 1113.
- 35. 77 + 2 = 79 & 14 + 2 = 16 Similarly, 81 + 2 = 83 & 09 + 2 = 11 ∴ ? = 8311
- 36. Each term in the series is obtained by subtracting from the preceding term the number formed by the first three digits of the previous terms. So, missing term 5242 – 524 = 4718.
- 37.6+4=10,
 - $10 + (4 \times 2) = 18,$
 - $18 + (8 \times 2) = 34$
 - $34 + (16 \times 2) = 66$
- 38. The series given above is a triangular pattern series. So, we have
 - 3
 10
 29
 66
 127
 ?

 7
 19
 37
 61

 12
 18
 24

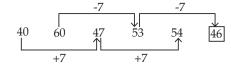
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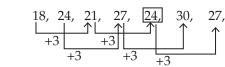
Hence, the missing term

$$= 127 + (61 + 24 + 6) = 127 + 91 = 218$$

39.

40.





- 41. The series given above is a triangular pattern series. 52. So, we have

Hence, the missing term = 150 + (70 + 26 + 6) = 150 + 102 = 252

- 42. The pattern is + 3, + 6, + 12, + 24, ... So, missing term = 46 + 48 = 94.
- So, missing term = 46 + 3. $4 \times 2 = 8$

$$43.4 \times 2 = 8$$

$$8 \times \frac{3}{2} = 12$$

 $24 \times \frac{3}{2} = 36$ $36 \times 2 = 72$ 44. The pattern followed is: $n^{\text{th}} \text{ term } + (n + 1)\text{th term } (n + 1) = (n + 2)\text{th term.}$ Thus, 1st term + 2nd term + 2 = 3rd term; 2nd term + 3rd term + 3 = 4th term and so on. So, missing term = 6th term = 4th term + 5th term + 5 = 24 + 41 + 5 = 70. 45. (3)³ + 1 = 28 (4)³ + 1 = 65 (5)³ + 1 = 126 (6)³ + 1 = 217 46. 3 6 9 1 \rightarrow 6 9 3 1 6 9 3 1 \rightarrow 9 3 6 1 9 3 6 1 \rightarrow 3 6 9 1

Therefore,

 $12 \times 2 = 24$

$$3 \stackrel{6}{6} 9 \stackrel{1}{1} \xrightarrow{6} \stackrel{6}{9} \stackrel{3}{3} \stackrel{1}{1}$$

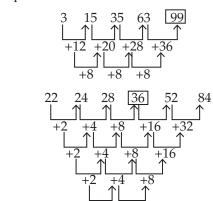
- 47. The given series consists of cubes of natural numbers only. 256 is not the cube of any natural number.
- 48. The given series consists of squares of consecutive odd numbers i.e. 1², 3², 5², 7²,.....
 So, missing term = 9² = 81.
- 49. Here the respective difference between the terms is as follows –

2, 4, 6, 8,

51.

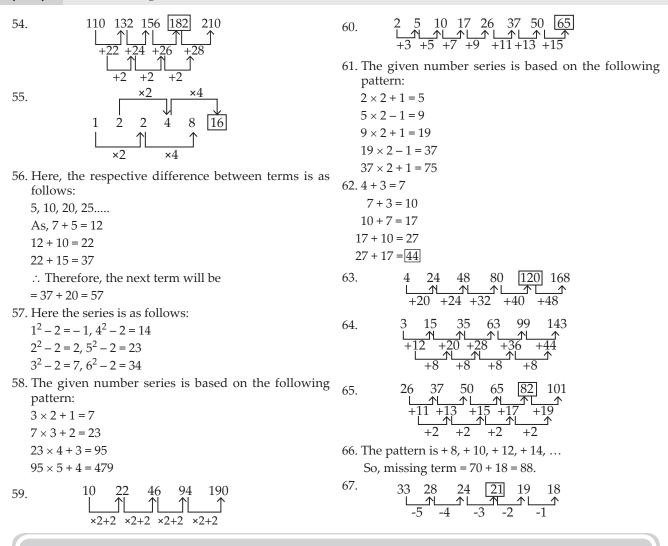
Therefore, 12 + 8 = 20 which is the required term.

50. Here the respective difference between the term is as follows 2, 4, 8, 16, 32, 64, Therefore, the required term will be 67 + 64 = 131



53. Clearly, 3 + 6 = 9, 9 + 6 = 15, ...

So, the given series is an AP in which a = 3 and d = 6Therefore, 21st term = a + (21-1)d = a + 20d= $3 + 20 \times 6 = 123$



PRACTICE QUESTIONS - 3

In the following number series, either one term is missing or is wrong, which has been given as one of the four alternatives under it. Mark your answer.

1. (2), 5, (12), 25, 41, 61

- (a) Both the bracketed terms are right
- (b) The first bracketed term is right and second is wrong
- (c) The first bracketed term is wrong and second is right

(h) 101

- (d) Both the bracketed terms are wrong
- 2. Which is the wrong term in the series?
 - 25, 36, 49, 81, 121, 169, 225

(a) 50	(D) 121
(c) 49	(d) 81

- 3. In the following number series, two terms have been put within brackets. Mark your answer.
 - 4, 6, 10, (12), 16, (14), 22
 - (a) Both the bracketed terms are right
 - (b) The first bracketed term is right and second is wrong
 - (c) The first bracketed term is wrong and second is right
 - (d) Both the bracketed terms are wrong
- 4. Find the wrong number in the given series. 8, 16, 24, 40, 62, 104, 168

(a) 24	(b) 40
(c) 62	(d) 104

5. In the following question, one term in the number series is wrong. Find out the wrong term.

93, 309, 434, 498, 521, 533	
(a) 309	(b) 434

()	(~) == =
(c) 498	(d) 521

6. In the following number series, either one term is missing or is wrong, which has been given as one of the four alternatives under it. This alternative is your answer.

(a) 97	(b) 95
(c) 93	(d) 55

- 7. In the following question, one term in the number series is wrong. Find out the wrong term.
 - 3, 7, 15, 39, 63, 127, 255, 511

(a) 15	(b) 39
(c) 63	(d) 127

8. In the following number series, either one term is missing or it's wrong, which has been given as one of

the four alternatives under it. Choose the right answer 19. In the following question, one term in the number series from the given alternatives.

3, 3, 6, 9, 15, 39	
(a) 24	(b) 25
() = 0	

- (c) 29 (d) 34 9. How many times is 9 preceded by either 6 or 1 and 20. followed by either 5 or 8 in the following series?
 - 895176982198435913695

(a) 1

(c) 3

- 10. In the following question, one term in the number series is wrong. Find out the wrong term. 4, 10, 22, 46, 96, 190, 382

(b) 2

(d) 4

(b) 10

- (a) 4
- (d) 382 (c) 96
- 11. Find the wrong number in the given series. 13, 24, 29, 39, 44, 54, 61, 69 (a) 61 (b) 13
 - (d) 24 (c) 44
- 12. In the following number series, two terms have been put within brackets. Mark your answer.
 - 4, 7, (9), 10, 13, 15, (16), 19
 - (a) Both the bracketed terms are right
 - (b) The first bracketed term is right and second is wrong
 - (c) The first bracketed term is wrong and second is right
 - (d) Both the bracketed terms are wrong
- 13. In the following question, one term in the number series is wrong. Find out the wrong term.
 - 121, 143, 165, 186, 209

(a) 143	(b) 165
(c) 186	(d) 209

14. Find out the odd/wrong number in the given series: 62, 46, 34, 24, 16, 10

(a) 62	(b) 46
(c) 34	(d) 24

- 15. In the following number series, two terms have been put within brackets. Mark your answer.
 - 2, 3, (6), 11, 18, (30), 38
 - (a) Both the bracketed terms are right
 - (b) The first bracketed term is right and second is wrong
 - (c) The first bracketed term is wrong and second is right

(d) Both the bracketed terms are wrong.

16. Find the wrong number in the given series: 6, 14,31, 64, 137, 280

(a) 31	(b) 64
(c) 137	(d) 280

17. In the following number series, either one term is missing or is wrong, which has been given as one of the four alternatives under it. This alternative is your answer.

2, 3, 5, 8, 13, 34	
(a) 21	(b) 25
(c) 29	(d) 34

18. Find the wrong number in the series: 7, 28, 63, 124, 215, 342, 511

(a)	7			(b) 28
(c)	124			(d) 215

is wrong. Find out the wrong term.				
1, 2, 4, 8, 16, 32, 64, 96				
(a) 4	(b) 32			
(c) 64	(d) 96			
20. In the following number	series, either one term is			
missing or is wrong, which	n has been given as one of			
the four alternatives under	it. This alternative is your			
answer.				
1, 5, 11, 19, 29, 55				
(a) 55	(b) 41			
(c) 29	(d) 19			
21. Find the wrong number in	the following series:			
69, 55, 26, 13, 5				
(a) 5	(b) 13			
(c) 26	(d) 55			
22. In the following question, or				
is wrong. Find out the wron	ng term.			
125, 126, 124, 127, 123, 129				
(a) 126	(b) 124			
(c) 123	(d) 129			
23. In the following question, on				
is wrong. Find out the wror	ig term.			
2, 5, 10, 17, 26, 37, 50, 64				
(a) 17	(b) 26			
(c) 37	(d) 64			
24. In the following number				
missing or is wrong, which				
the four alternatives under	it. This alternative is your			
answer. $1, 2, 5, 10, 17, 28$				
1, 2, 5, 10, 17, 28	(1-) 20			
(a) 30	(b) 28			
(c) 27	(d) 17			
25. Which number is wrong in	the series?			
5, 11, 23, 47, 96	(1-) 22			
(a) 47	(b) 23			
(c) 96	(d) 11			
26. In the following question, or				
is wrong. Find out the wron	0			
1, 5, 5, 9, 7, 11, 11, 15, 12, 17				
(a) 11	(b) 12			
(c) 17	(d) 15			
27. In the following question, or				
is wrong. Find out the wron				
325, 259, 202, 160, 127, 105,				
(a) 94	(b) 127 (d) 259			
(c) 202	(d) 259			
28. In the following number see put within brackets. Mark y				

3, 10, 29, (66), (127), 218

- (a) Both the bracketed terms are right
- (b) The first bracketed term is right and second is wrong
- (c) The first bracketed term is wrong and second is right
- (d) Both the bracketed terms are wrong

series is wrong. Find out	the wrong term.	31. Find the wrong number in the series 3, 8, 15, 24, 34, 48, 63		
10, 26, 74, 218, 654, 1946, 5834		(a) 15	(b) 24	
(a) 26 (c) 218	(b) 74 (d) 654	(c) 34	(d) 48	
30. Find the wrong number in 400, 2000, 4000, 8000		32. Find out the wrong 102, 101, 98, 93, 86,	g number in the sequence	
400, 2000, 4000, 8000 (a) 200	(b) 2000	(a) 101	(b) 66	
(c) 8000	(d) 4000	(c) 74	(d) 93	

ANSWER KEY

1. (d)	2. (a)	3. (b)	4. (c)	5. (d)	6. (c)	7. (b)	8. (a)	9. (c)	10. (c)
11. (c)	12. (a)	13. (c)	14. (a)	15. (b)	16. (b)	17. (a)	18. (b)	19. (d)	20. (b)
21. (a)	22. (d)	23. (d)	24. (b)	25. (c)	26. (b)	27. (c)	28. (a)	29. (d)	30. (c)
31. (c)	32. (c)								

EXPLANATIONS

1. The correct pattern is +4, +8, +12, +16, +20.

Clearly, 2 is wrong and must be replaced by (5-1) i.e. 4. Also, 12 is wrong and must be replaced by (5 + 8) i.e. 13.

Hence, both the bracketed terms (2) and (12) are wrong

2. Except 36, all others are perfect squares of odd numbers.

 $25 = 5 \times 5; 49 = 7 \times 7;$ $81 = 9 \times 9; 121 = 11 \times 11$

$$169 = 13 \times 13$$
:

$$10^{\circ} 10 \times 10^{\circ}$$

$$220 = 10 \times 10$$

But, $36 = 6 \times 6$ 3. The correct pattern is +2, +4, +2, +4,...

Clearly, the term 12 is correct.

But, 14 is wrong and must be replaced by (16 + 2) i.e. 18.

Hence, the first bracketed term (12) is right and second one (14) is wrong

4.8+8=16;

- 24 + 16 = 40;
- 40 + 32 = 72;
- 72 + 32 = 104;
- 104 + 64 = 168

Therefore, the number 62 is wrong in the series.

- 5. The correct pattern is + 6³, + 5³, + 4³, + 3³,....
 So, 521 is wrong and must be replaced by (498 + 3³) i.e. 525.
- 6. The correct pattern is + 4, + 9, + 16, + 25, + 35 $i.e. + 2^2, + 3^2, + 4^2, + 5^2, + 6^2.$

So, 93 is wrong and must be replaced by (55 + 36) i.e. 91.

7. The correct pattern is $\times 2 + 1$.

So, 39 is wrong and must be replaced by $(15 \times 2 + 2)$ i.e. 31.

8. Each term in the series is the sum of the preceding two terms

Now, 9 + 15 = 24 and 15 + 24 = 39

Hence, the term 24 is missing in the series

9. 895176982198435913695

Hence, 9 is preceded by either 6 or 1 and followed by either 5 or 8 in three terms.

10. The correct pattern is

So, 96 is wrong and must be replaced by (46 + 48) i.e. 94.

$$\begin{array}{c} +15 \\ +15 \\ +15 \\ +15 \\ +15 \\ +15 \\ +15 \\ +15 \\ +16 \\$$

12. The correct pattern is

+3, +2, +1, +3, +2, +1, +3.

Clearly, both the terms 9 and 16 are correct.

- 13. Each term in the series is obtained by adding 22 to the preceding term.
 - So, 186 is wrong and must be replaced by (165 + 22) i.e. 187.
- 14. 60 14 = 46

11.

46 - 12 = 34

$$34 - 10 = 24$$

- 24 8 = 16
- 16 6 = 10

Therefore, the number 62 is wrong in the series.

15. The correct pattern is

6

+1, +3, +5, +7, +9, +11.

Cleary, the term 6 is correct.

14

But, 30 is wrong and must be replaced by (18+9) i.e. 27. Hence, the first bracketed term (6) is right and the second one (30) is wrong

66

137

280

31

Therefore, the number 64 is wrong in the series.

17. Clearly, each term of the series is the sum of the preceding two terms. Now, 8 + 13 = 21 and 13 + 21 = 34.

So, the term 21 is missing. 18. The correct sequence is :

 $2^3 - 1, 3^3 - 1, 4^3 - 1, 5^3 - 1, 6^3 - 1, 7^3 - 1, 8^3 - 1$ So, 28 is the wrong term and it should be replaced by $(3^3 - 1)$ i.e., 26

Hence, the wrong term is 28.

- 19. Each term of the series is obtained by multiplying the preceding term by 2.
- So, 96 is wrong and must be replaced by 64×2 i.e. 128.
- 20. The correct sequence is +4, +6, +8, +10,...So, next term after 29 = 29 + 12 = 41. The term after 41 will then be (41 + 14) i.e. 55. \therefore 41 is missing
- 21. In the given series, each term is one more than the product of the digits of the preceding term. Thus, $(6 \times 9) + 1 = 55, (5 \times 5) + 1$ $= 26(2 \times 6) + 1 = 13$

Hence, the term '5' is the wrong term and it must be replaced by the term $(1 \times 3) + 1$ i.e., 4

Hence, the wrong term in the series is 5.

22. The correct pattern is + 1,-2, + 3,-4, + 5. So, 129 is wrong and must be replaced by (123 + 5)i.e. 128.

23. The terms of the series are $(1^2_2 + 1), (2^2 + 1), (3^2 + 1), (4^2 + 1), (5^2 + 1), (6^2 + 1),$ $(7^2 + 1), \dots$

So, 64 is wrong and must be replaced by $(8^2 + 1)$ i.e. 65. 24. The correct sequence is + 1, + 3, + 5, + 7, + 9.

So, 28 is wrong and must be replaced by (17 + 9) i.e. 26. 25. $5 \times 2 + 1 = 11$

 $11 \times 2 + 1 = 23$

 $23 \times 2 + 1 = 47$

 $47 \times 2 + 1 = 95$

Therefore, the number 96 is wrong in the series.

- 26. The given sequence is a combination of two series: I. 1, 5, 7, 11, 12 and II. 5, 9, 11, 15, 17 The pattern in both I and II is +4, +2, +4, +2. So, 12 is wrong and must be replaced by (11 + 2) i.e. 13.
- 27. The correct pattern is

-66, -55, -44, -33, -22, -11.

So, 202 is wrong and must be replaced by (259 - 55) i.e. 204.

28. The sequence is

 $1^3 + 2, 2^3 + 2, 3^3 + 2, 4^3 + 2, 5^3 + 2, 6^3 + 2.$

Clearly, both the terms of 66 and 127 are correct.

29. The correct pattern is $\times 3 - 4$.

So, 654 is wrong and must be replaced by $(218 \times 3-4)$ i.e. 650.

Therefore, the number 8000 is wrong in the series.

31. The difference between the consecutive terms of the given series are respectively 5, 7, 9, 11, 13 and 15. Clearly, 34 is the wrong number and it must be replaced by (24 + 11) i.e., 35

32. 102 - 1 = 101 101 - 3 = 9898 - 5 = 9393 - 7 = 8686 - 9 = 7777 - 11 = 6666 - 13 = 5374 is wrong, it must be replaced by 77.

PRACTICE QUESTIONS - 4

the series decreases from 5 to 1. Which of the following series does not observe the rule given above?

(a) ZTOKHF	(b) OIDZWU
(c) QKFCYW	(d) WQLHEC

2. In the following, 5 letters have been skipped between two letters. Which of the following observes the rule given above?

(a) RXD	(b) ABE
(c) PQT	(d) LMQ

1. The number of letters skipped between adjacent letters in 3. In the following question, number of letters are skipped in between by a particular rule. Which of the following series observes the rule?

(a) ABFGJK	(b) ACFJOU
(c) MPQSTV	(d) ADFHJL

4. The number of letters skipped in between two adjacent letters in this series increases by multiples of 2. Which of the following series does not observe the rule given above?

(a) ADIPY	(b) JMRYG
(c) EHMTC	(d) HKPWF

5.In the following question, the number of letters skipped in between adjacent letters in the series is successive even numbers. Which of the following series observes this rule?

(a) ADGJM	(b) BEJQZ
(c) BDGKQ	(d) FINUZ

6.In the following question, number of letters skipped in between adjacent letters of the series starting from behind increased by one. Which of the following observes the rule?

(a) ONLKJ	(b) OMJFA
(c) OIGDC	(d) OMKIG

7. In the following question, number of letters skipped in between adjacent letters in the series decreases one each time. Which of the following series observes the rule?

(a) MSYBG	(b) IMTXB
(c) BHNSV	(d) TZEIL

8. The number of letters skipped in between adjacent letters in a series is 5. Which of the following series observes this rule?

(a) CIOUA	(b) CINUA
(c) CIOTA	(d) CIOUZ

9. In the following question, a letter-number series is given with one or more terms missing as shown by (?). Choose the missing term out of the given alternatives.

Q1F, S2E, U6D, W21C, ?

(a) Y44B	(b) Y66B
(c) Y88B	(d) Z88B

10. Number of letters skipped in between adjacent letters goes on increasing successively by one in the series. Identify the set following the above rule.

5	0
(a) AEIMQU	(b) EHKNQT
(c) DINSXC	(d) FHKOTZ

- 11. The number of letters missed is not uniform. Which of the following series observes the above rule?
 - (a) MORTXY(b) PRTVXZ(c) DGJMPS(d) BFJNRV
- 12. In the following question, number of letters skipped in between adjacent letters is increased by one. Which of the following letter series observes the rule?

(a) KILMOPQ	(b) NOPRQST
(c) BEINTAI	(d) CDEHGFI

13. In the following question, a letter-number series is given with one or more terms missing as shown by (?). Choose the missing term out of the given alternatives. 2Z5, 7Y7, 14X9, 23W11, 34V13, ?

(a) 27U24 (b) 45U15

(c) 47U15				(d) 47V14		
-	6.1		C1			

- 14. In one of the series of letters given below adjacent letters are skipped in a decreasing order. Which one of the following series observes the rule given above?
 - (a) $B_H_K_I_S$ (b) $A_G_K_N_P$ (c) $N_P_H_J_C$ (d) $C_J_G_T_U$
- 15. In the following question, number of letters are skipped in between by a particular rule. Which of the following observes the rule?

(a) ACZXFG	(b) CFXURI
(c) CFIURX	(d) CXFUIR

- 16. The letters in BYDWFU have been grouped according to a rule. Which of the following follows this rule?
 - (a) AZCXDV(b) AZCYDW(c) GTIRKP(d) GTIRKL
- 17. Number of letters skipped in between adjacent letters in the series increases by one every time. Which of the following series observes this rule?
 - (a) ACFKO (b) DGKPV
 - (c) DBKAM (d) QSVXZ
- 18. In the following letter series, the number of letters skipped between adjacent letters in the series increases by one. Which of the following series observes the rule?
 - (a) GKMOWYB(b) HJMQVBI(c) HLOSVYA(d) JKVYBMO
- 19. Number of letters skipped in between adjacent letters in the series increases by one. Which of the following series observes the rule above?

(a) CPTOV	(b) HJHQV
(c) HCFKP	(d) IKNRW
20. 3F, 6G, 11I, 18L, ?	
(a) 210	(b) 25N
(c) 25P	(d) 27P

- (c) 25P (e) 27Q
- 21. In the following question the letter sequence is formed by skipping 3 letters in the backward direction from the starting letter. Which one of the following alternatives has been formed using the above principle?
 - (a) GCYU(b) MQUY(c) VSPM(d) PLIE
- 22.In the following question, increasing number of letters are skipped in between adjacent letters in a series. Which of the following series fulfils this rule?
 - (a) BGMTA (b) BGMSZ
 - (c) BGMTB (d) BGLRY
- 23. Number of letters skipped in between adjacent letters in the series increases by one. Which of the following series observe the ruling given above?
 - (a) CEHLQW (b) CLOUBK
 - (c) CHMRWB (d) HLPTXN
- 24. The number of letters skipped in between adjacent letters in the series is increased by one each time. Which of the following series observes the rule?
 - (a) ADHMS (b) HKOSV (c) GINSX (d) FLOUX
- 25. Find the term which does not fit into the series: 1CV, 5FU, 9IT, 15LS, 17OR (a) 5FU (b) 15LS
 - (c) 9IT (d) 17OR

Directions (26-27): In the following series the number of letters skipped in between the adjacent letters in the series is the same. Which of the following series observes the given rule?

26.	
(a) URNJ	(b) ZVRO
(c) HDAW	(d) CYUQ

			Serie	es Completion 35	
	27.		Directions (Qs. 38-39): In each of th	01	
	(a) TSWVZA	(b) TSWVZY	a letter-number series is given wi		
	(c) HILKON (d) POSRUV		missing as shown by (?). Choose th	te missing term out of	
	28. In the following question, number		the given alternatives.		
	in between by a particular rule. Which of the following		38. 2, A, 9, B, 6, C, 13, D, ?		
	series observes the rule?		(a) 9	(b) 10	
	(a) AEJOTY	(b) AFKPUZ	(c) 12	(d) 19	
	(c) AFKPTY	(d) AEINRV	39. D-4, F-6, H-8, J-10, ?, ?		
	29. In the following question numb		(a) K-12, M-13	(b) L-12, M-14	
	between adjacent letters in the s		(c) L-12, N-14	(d) K-12, M-14	
	Which of the following series of		40. In question, number of letters skipped in between		
	(a) KORYBGJ	(b) LMEYTPK	adjacent letters in the series is in		
	(c) KMPTYEL	(d) KPTYELM	of the following series observes		
	30. In the following question, a letter		(a) ACFJN	(b) ACFJO	
	with one or more terms missing a the missing term out of the given		(c) ADFJO	(d) ACFKO	
	J2Z, K4X, I7V, ?, H16R, M22P	alternatives.	Directions (Qs. 41-42): In the follow	01	
	(a) I11T	(b) L11S	of letters are skipped in between		
	(c) L12T	(d) L115	Which of the following series obser	ives the rule?	
	(e) L125	(d) LIII	41.		
	31. In the following question numb	er of letters skipped in	(a) ZXTNCD	(b) MNXYPQ	
	between adjacent letters in the set		(c) PRTVXZ	(d) RSABLM	
	Which of the following series ob		42.		
	(a) B F I L Q	(b) E I N T A	(a) RTVYZAC	(b) KMORTUW	
	(c) D H K P V	(d) A D H K M	(c) SUWYACE	(d) OWZDIOV	
	32. In the following question, number	ers of letters skipped in	43. In the following question, a letter		
	reverse order in between adjacer	nt letters in the series is	with one or more terms missing as shown by (?). Choose the missing term out of the given alternatives.		
	constant. Which of the following		2A11, 4D13, 12G17,?	alternatives.	
	(a) SPMJG	(b) SQOLJ	(a) 36I19	(b) 36J21	
	(c) SPNLJ	(d) WUTRQ	(c) 48J21	(d) 48J23	
	33. The number of letters skipped				
letters in the series decreases by one each time. Which		44. Number of letters skipped in between adjacent letters in the series increases by one. Which of the following			
	of the following series observes		series observe the ruling?	vinen of the following	
	(a) CGKOS	(b) DHLPT	(a) ACFJNS	(b) EGJNSY	
	(c) EJNQS	(d) BFJNR	(c) CEHLPS	(d) KNQTW	
34. In each of the following questions, a letter-number		45. In the following question, a letter has been skipped after			
	shown by (?). Choose the missing	of term out of the given	every letter. Which of the following series observes the		
	alternatives.	8 torini o de or die Bryen	rule given above?	0	
	N5V, K7T, ?, E14P, B19N		(a) A B C D E F	(b) L M N O P Q	
	(a) H9R	(b) H10Q	(c) A C E G I K	(d) G H I J K L	
	(c) H10R	(d) 110R	46. In the following question, a le	etter-number series is	
35. In the given question the letter sequence is formed by		given with one or more terms missing as shown by (?).			
	skipping 3 letters in the forwa		Choose the missing term out of	the given alternatives.	
	from the following alternative		2B, 4C, 8E, 14H, ?		
	cannot be formed using the abo	ove principle.	(a) 16K	(b) 20I	
	(a) GKOS	(b) TXBF	(c) 20L	(d) 22L	
	(c) MPSW	(d) AEIM	47. Number of letters skipped in be	-	
	36. In the following question the nut	mber of letters skipped	in the series increases by one. V	Vhich of the following	
	in between the adjacent letters ir		series observes this rule?		
	Which of the following series of	-	(a) WBKQXYF	(b) WYBFKQX	
	(a) k m p q r	(b) h j l m o	(c) YBQQFHN	(d) WZCHJMQ	
	(c) p r s u w	(d) e g i k m	48. In the following question, a le		
	37. The number of letters skipped		given with one or more terms m		
letters in the series is decreased by one. Which of the		Choose the missing term out of W-1444, ?, 8-100, Q-81, O-64	the given alternatives.		
	following series observes the ru		(a) U-121	(b) U-122	
	(a) DJOTV	(b) DJOSV (d) DIOSU	(a) U-121 (c) V-121	(d) V-128	
				(~/ · · ····	

(d) DIOSU

(c) DJOSW

(a) U-121 (c) V-121 (b) U-122 (d) V-128 49. In the following question letters are skipped between by following a particular rule. Which of the following series observes the rule?

(a) BDFIJ	(b) DGJLM
(c) BDHPF	(d) ACFHJ

50. In the following question, a letter-number series is given with one or more terms missing as shown by (?). Choose the missing term out of the given alternatives. KM5, IP8, GS11, EV14, ?

(a) BX17	(b) BY17
(c) CY17	(d) CY18
(e) CZ17	

51. In the following question, the number of letters skipped in between adjacent letters in the series is 5. Which of the following series observes this rule?

(a) X D I P V	(b) X D K P V
(c) X D J O U	(d) X D J P V

52. Number of letters skipped in between adjacent letters in the series increases by one. Which of the following series observe the ruling given below?

(a) ACFJOU	(b) JLNPOQ

(c) ZXMKJL (d) KCAOPQ

53. How many such pairs of letters are there in the word RECOVERED, which have as many letters between them in the word as in the English alphabet?

(a) Three (b) Four

(d) Five

ANSWER KEY									
1. (c)	2. (a)	3. (b)	4. (b)	5. (b)	6. (b)	7. (d)	8. (a)	9. (c)	10. (d)
11. (a)	12. (c)	13. (c)	14. (b)	15. (d)	16. (c)	17. (b)	18. (b)	19. (d)	20. (d)
21. (a)	22. (c)	23. (a)	24. (b)	25. (b)	26. (d)	27. (b)	28. (b)	29. (c)	30. (d)
31. (b)	32. (a)	33. (c)	34. (c)	35. (c)	36. (d)	37. (b)	38. (b)	39. (c)	40. (b)
41. (c)	42. (c)	43. (d)	44. (b)	45. (c)	46. (d)	47. (b)	48. (a)	49. (c)	50. (c)
51. (d)	52. (a)	53. (b)							

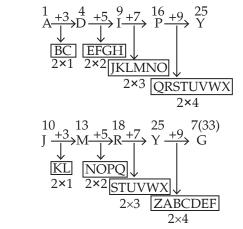
(c) Six

EXPLANATIONS

3.

1. $26 \xrightarrow{-6} 20 \xrightarrow{-5} 0 \xrightarrow{-4} K \xrightarrow{-3} H \xrightarrow{-2} 6$ $X \xrightarrow{W} V \xrightarrow{15} 4 \xrightarrow{11} 3 \xrightarrow{21} H \xrightarrow{-2} 6$ $Y \xrightarrow{W} V \xrightarrow{15} 4 \xrightarrow{11} 3 \xrightarrow{21} 1$ $\frac{15}{5} \xrightarrow{-6} 1 \xrightarrow{-5} 0 \xrightarrow{-4} 2 \xrightarrow{-3} \xrightarrow{23} 23 \xrightarrow{-2} 21$ $N \xrightarrow{15} 6 \xrightarrow{-4} 2 \xrightarrow{-3} \xrightarrow{23} \xrightarrow{-2} 21$ $N \xrightarrow{NLKI} HCFE CBA YX \xrightarrow{V} 1$ $\frac{17}{5} \xrightarrow{-6} K \xrightarrow{-5} 6 \xrightarrow{-4} 3 \xrightarrow{-3} \xrightarrow{25} \xrightarrow{-2} 23$ $PONML \overrightarrow{HCFE} CBA \xrightarrow{11} 2 \xrightarrow{-3} \xrightarrow{25} \xrightarrow{-2} 23$ $PONML \overrightarrow{HCFE} CBA \xrightarrow{11} 2 \xrightarrow{-3} \xrightarrow{25} \xrightarrow{-2} 23$ $PONML \overrightarrow{HCFE} CBA \xrightarrow{12} 3 \xrightarrow{11} 1$ $\frac{17}{5} \xrightarrow{-6} \xrightarrow{17} \xrightarrow{-5} \xrightarrow{12} \xrightarrow{-4} \xrightarrow{-4} \xrightarrow{-2} \xrightarrow{-2} \xrightarrow{23} \xrightarrow{11} 1$ $\frac{23}{5} \xrightarrow{-6} \xrightarrow{17} \xrightarrow{-5} \xrightarrow{12} \xrightarrow{-4} \xrightarrow{-4} \xrightarrow{-4} \xrightarrow{-2} \xrightarrow{$

 $A \xrightarrow{+1} B \xrightarrow{+4} F \xrightarrow{+1} G \xrightarrow{+3} J \xrightarrow{+1} K$ $A \xrightarrow{+2} C \xrightarrow{+3} F \xrightarrow{+4} J \xrightarrow{+5} O \xrightarrow{+6} U$ $M \xrightarrow{+3} P \xrightarrow{+1} Q \xrightarrow{+2} S \xrightarrow{+1} T \xrightarrow{+2} V$ $A \xrightarrow{+3} D \xrightarrow{+2} F \xrightarrow{+2} H \xrightarrow{+2} J \xrightarrow{+2} L$



JMRYG does not observe the rule.

^{5.} $A \xrightarrow{+3} D \xrightarrow{+3} G \xrightarrow{+3} J \xrightarrow{+3} M$

$$B \xrightarrow{+3} E \xrightarrow{+5} J \xrightarrow{+7} Q \xrightarrow{+9} Z$$

$$B \xrightarrow{+2} D \xrightarrow{+3} G \xrightarrow{+4} G \xrightarrow{+4} K \xrightarrow{+6} Z$$

$$EF \xrightarrow{+3} G \xrightarrow{+4} K \xrightarrow{+7} U \xrightarrow{+5} Z$$

$$F \xrightarrow{+3} I \xrightarrow{+5} N \xrightarrow{+7} U \xrightarrow{+5} Z$$

$$BEJQZ \text{ observes this rule.}$$

$$Q \xrightarrow{-1} N \xrightarrow{-2} L \xrightarrow{-1} K \xrightarrow{-1} J$$

$$Q \xrightarrow{-2} M \xrightarrow{-3} J \xrightarrow{-4} F \xrightarrow{-5} A$$

$$Q \xrightarrow{-6} I \xrightarrow{-2} G \xrightarrow{-3} D \xrightarrow{-1} C$$

$$Q \xrightarrow{-2} M \xrightarrow{-2} K \xrightarrow{-2} I \xrightarrow{-2} G$$

$$M \xrightarrow{+6} S \xrightarrow{+6} Y \xrightarrow{+3} B \xrightarrow{+5} G$$

$$I \xrightarrow{+4} M \xrightarrow{+7} T \xrightarrow{+4} X \xrightarrow{+4} B$$

$$B \xrightarrow{+6} H \xrightarrow{+6} N \xrightarrow{+5} E \xrightarrow{+3} V$$

$$T \xrightarrow{+6} Z \xrightarrow{+5} E \xrightarrow{+4} I \xrightarrow{+3} L$$

7.
$$M \xrightarrow{+6} S \xrightarrow{+6} Y \xrightarrow{+3} E$$
$$I \xrightarrow{+4} M \xrightarrow{+7} T \xrightarrow{+4} X$$
$$B \xrightarrow{+6} H \xrightarrow{+6} N \xrightarrow{+5} S$$
$$T \xrightarrow{+6} Z \xrightarrow{+5} E \xrightarrow{+4} I$$

6.

8.
$$C \xrightarrow{+6} I \xrightarrow{+6} O \xrightarrow{+6} U \xrightarrow{+6} A$$
$$C \xrightarrow{+6} I \xrightarrow{+5} N \xrightarrow{+7} U \xrightarrow{+6} A$$
$$C \xrightarrow{+6} I \xrightarrow{+6} O \xrightarrow{+5} T \xrightarrow{+7} A$$
$$C \xrightarrow{+6} I \xrightarrow{+6} O \xrightarrow{+6} U \xrightarrow{+5} Z$$

9. 1st number: $Q \xrightarrow{+2} S \xrightarrow{+2} U \xrightarrow{+2} W \xrightarrow{+2} Y$ Middle letter: $1 \xrightarrow{\times 1+1} 2 \xrightarrow{\times 2+2} 6 \xrightarrow{\times 3+3} 21 \xrightarrow{\times 4+4}$ 88 3rd number: $F \xrightarrow{-1} E \xrightarrow{-1} D \xrightarrow{-1} C \xrightarrow{-1} B$

10.

$$A \xrightarrow{a} +4 E \xrightarrow{+4} I \xrightarrow{+4} M.....$$

$$E \xrightarrow{b} +3 +4 \xrightarrow{+3} K \xrightarrow{+3} N....$$

$$E \xrightarrow{b} +3 +4 \xrightarrow{+3} K \xrightarrow{+3} N....$$

$$D \xrightarrow{b} +5 +1 \xrightarrow{+5} N \xrightarrow{+5} S....$$

$$A \xrightarrow{b} +2 +4 \xrightarrow{+3} K \xrightarrow{+4} O \xrightarrow{+5} T \xrightarrow{+6} Z....$$

$$A \xrightarrow{b} +2 +4 \xrightarrow{+3} K \xrightarrow{+4} O \xrightarrow{+5} T \xrightarrow{+6} Z...$$

$$A \xrightarrow{b} +3 +4 \xrightarrow{+3} K \xrightarrow{+4} O \xrightarrow{+5} T \xrightarrow{+6} Z...$$

$$A \xrightarrow{b} +3 +4 \xrightarrow{+3} K \xrightarrow{+4} O \xrightarrow{+5} T \xrightarrow{+6} Z...$$

$$A \xrightarrow{b} +3 +4 \xrightarrow{+3} K \xrightarrow{+4} O \xrightarrow{+5} T \xrightarrow{+6} Z...$$

$$A \xrightarrow{b} +3 +4 \xrightarrow{+3} K \xrightarrow{+4} O \xrightarrow{+5} T \xrightarrow{+6} Z...$$

$$A \xrightarrow{b} +3 +4 \xrightarrow{+3} K \xrightarrow{+4} O \xrightarrow{+5} T \xrightarrow{+6} Z...$$

12.
$$K \xrightarrow{-2} I \xrightarrow{+3} L \xrightarrow{+1} M \xrightarrow{+2} O \xrightarrow{+1} P \xrightarrow{+1} Q$$
$$N \xrightarrow{+1} O \xrightarrow{+1} P \xrightarrow{+2} R \xrightarrow{-1} Q \xrightarrow{+2} S \xrightarrow{+1} T$$
$$B \xrightarrow{+3} E \xrightarrow{+4} I \xrightarrow{+5} N \xrightarrow{+6} T \xrightarrow{+7} A \xrightarrow{+8} I$$
$$C \xrightarrow{+1} D \xrightarrow{+1} E \xrightarrow{+3} H \xrightarrow{-1} G \xrightarrow{-1} F \xrightarrow{+3} I$$

13. 1st number:

1st number:

$$2 \xrightarrow{+5} 7 \xrightarrow{+7} 14 \xrightarrow{+9} 23 \xrightarrow{+11} 34 \xrightarrow{+13} (47)$$

Middle letter:

$$Z \xrightarrow{-1} Y \xrightarrow{-1} X \xrightarrow{-1} W \xrightarrow{-1} V \xrightarrow{-1} (1)$$

3rd number:
 $5 \xrightarrow{+2} 7 \xrightarrow{-2} 9 \xrightarrow{+2} 9 \xrightarrow{+2} 11 \xrightarrow{+2} 13 \xrightarrow{+2} (5)$
^{14.} B $\xrightarrow{+6} H \xrightarrow{+3} K \xrightarrow{-2} I \xrightarrow{+10} S$
 $A \xrightarrow{+6} G \xrightarrow{-44} K \xrightarrow{+3} N \xrightarrow{+2} P$
 $N \xrightarrow{+2} P \xrightarrow{-8} H \xrightarrow{+2} J \xrightarrow{-7} C$
 $C \xrightarrow{+7} J \xrightarrow{-3} G \xrightarrow{+13} T \xrightarrow{+1} U$
 $A _G _K _N _P$ observes the rule.
^{15.} $A \xrightarrow{+2} C \xrightarrow{+23} Z \xrightarrow{-2} X \xrightarrow{-18} F \xrightarrow{+1} G$
 $C \xrightarrow{+3} F \xrightarrow{+18} X \xrightarrow{-3} U \xrightarrow{-3} R \xrightarrow{-9} I$
 $C \xrightarrow{+3} F \xrightarrow{+18} F \xrightarrow{+15} U \xrightarrow{-12} I \xrightarrow{+9} R$
 $CXFUIR observes this rule which is decreased and increased by the order of 3 in an alternating order.
16. $B \xrightarrow{+2} D \xrightarrow{+2} F$
 $Y \xrightarrow{-2} W \xrightarrow{-2} D$
^{17.} $A \xrightarrow{+2} C \xrightarrow{+3} F \xrightarrow{+5} F \xrightarrow{+5} K \xrightarrow{+4} O$
 $D \xrightarrow{+3} G \xrightarrow{+4} K \xrightarrow{+5} P \xrightarrow{+6} V$
 $D \xrightarrow{-2} B \xrightarrow{+9} K \xrightarrow{-10} A \xrightarrow{+12} M$
 $Q \xrightarrow{+2} S \xrightarrow{+3} V \xrightarrow{+2} X \xrightarrow{+2} Z$
^{18.} $8 \xrightarrow{+2} 10 \xrightarrow{+3} M \xrightarrow{+4} T \xrightarrow{-5} O \xrightarrow{+7} V$
 $H \xrightarrow{-2} C \xrightarrow{+3} F \xrightarrow{+5} K \xrightarrow{+5} P$$

^{20.} Number:
$$3 \xrightarrow{+3} 6 \xrightarrow{+5} 11 \xrightarrow{+7} 18 \xrightarrow{+9} 2$$

Letter: $F \xrightarrow{+1} G \xrightarrow{+2} I \xrightarrow{+3} L \xrightarrow{+4} P$

^{21.}
$$\stackrel{7}{G} \xrightarrow{-4} \stackrel{3}{C} \xrightarrow{-4} \stackrel{25}{V} \xrightarrow{-4} \stackrel{21}{U}$$

FED BAZ XWV
¹³ $\xrightarrow{-4} \stackrel{17}{Q} \xrightarrow{-4} \stackrel{21}{U} \xrightarrow{-4} \stackrel{25}{Y}$

 $I \xrightarrow{+2} K \xrightarrow{+3} N \xrightarrow{+4} R \xrightarrow{+5} W$

$$\begin{array}{c} 22 \\ V \xrightarrow{-3} \\ U \end{array} \xrightarrow{19} \\ S \xrightarrow{-3} \\ P \xrightarrow{-3} \\ P \xrightarrow{-3} \\ P \xrightarrow{-3} \\ P \xrightarrow{-3} \\ M \\ M \\ \hline \\ RQ \\ ON \\ \hline \\ RQ \\ ON \\ \hline \\ HGF \\ \hline \\ HGF \\ \end{array}$$

GCYU has been formed using the above principle.

22.
$$B \xrightarrow{+5} G \xrightarrow{+6} M \xrightarrow{+7} T \xrightarrow{+7} A$$

 $B \xrightarrow{+5} G \xrightarrow{+6} M \xrightarrow{+6} S \xrightarrow{+7} Z$
 $B \xrightarrow{+5} G \xrightarrow{+6} M \xrightarrow{+7} T \xrightarrow{+8} B$
 $B \xrightarrow{+5} G \xrightarrow{+5} L \xrightarrow{+6} R \xrightarrow{+7} Y$

- 23. $C \xrightarrow{+2} E \xrightarrow{+3} H \xrightarrow{+4} L \xrightarrow{+5} Q \xrightarrow{+6} W$
- ^{24.} A $\xrightarrow{+3}$ D $\xrightarrow{+4}$ H $\xrightarrow{+5}$ M $\xrightarrow{+6}$ S H $\xrightarrow{+3}$ K $\xrightarrow{+4}$ O $\xrightarrow{+4}$ S $\xrightarrow{+3}$ V G $\xrightarrow{+3}$ J $\xrightarrow{+4}$ N $\xrightarrow{+5}$ S $\xrightarrow{+5}$ X F $\xrightarrow{+6}$ L $\xrightarrow{+5}$ Q $\xrightarrow{+4}$ U $\xrightarrow{+3}$ X

25. 1st number:

$$1 \xrightarrow{+4} 5 \xrightarrow{+4} 9 \xrightarrow{+4} 9 \xrightarrow{+4} 17$$

2nd letter:

$$C \xrightarrow{+3} F \xrightarrow{+3} I \xrightarrow{+3} O$$

3rd letter:

$$V \xrightarrow{-1} U \xrightarrow{-1} T \xrightarrow{-1} (S) \xrightarrow{-1} R$$

Thus, the term 15LS is wrong and must be replaced by 13LS.

26.
$$C \xrightarrow{-4} Y \xrightarrow{-4} U \xrightarrow{-4} Q$$

27. $\xrightarrow{+2} Y \xrightarrow{-1} Y Z \xrightarrow{-1} Y$
 $\xrightarrow{+2}$
28. $A \xrightarrow{+4} E \xrightarrow{+5} J \xrightarrow{+5} O \xrightarrow{+5} T \xrightarrow{+5} Y$
 $A \xrightarrow{+5} F \xrightarrow{+5} K \xrightarrow{+5} P \xrightarrow{+5} U \xrightarrow{+5} Z$
 $A \xrightarrow{+5} F \xrightarrow{+5} K \xrightarrow{+5} P \xrightarrow{+5} T \xrightarrow{+5} Y$
 $A \xrightarrow{+4} E \xrightarrow{+4} I \xrightarrow{+5} N \xrightarrow{+4} R \xrightarrow{+4} V$
29. $K \xrightarrow{+4} O \xrightarrow{+3} R \xrightarrow{+7} Y \xrightarrow{+3} B \xrightarrow{+5} G \xrightarrow{+3} J$
 $L \xrightarrow{+1} M \xrightarrow{-8} E \xrightarrow{+20} Y \xrightarrow{-5} T \xrightarrow{-4} P \xrightarrow{-5} K$
 $K \xrightarrow{+2} M \xrightarrow{+3} P \xrightarrow{+4} T \xrightarrow{+5} Y \xrightarrow{+6} E \xrightarrow{+7} L \xrightarrow{+1} M$

30. The first letters in odd numbered terms from series.

$$J \xrightarrow{-1} I \xrightarrow{-1} H$$

and in even numbered terms form series .
$$K \xrightarrow{+1} (\widehat{L}) \xrightarrow{+1} M$$

Middle number:
$$2 \xrightarrow{+2} 4 \xrightarrow{+3} 7 \xrightarrow{+4} (\widehat{1}) \xrightarrow{+5} 16 \xrightarrow{+6} 22$$

3rd letter:

$$Z \xrightarrow{-2} X \xrightarrow{-2} V \xrightarrow{-2} (T) \xrightarrow{-2} R \xrightarrow{-2} P$$

$$B \xrightarrow{+4} F \xrightarrow{+3} I \xrightarrow{+3} L \xrightarrow{+5} Q$$

$$E \xrightarrow{+4} I \xrightarrow{+5} N \xrightarrow{+6} T \xrightarrow{+7} A$$

$$D \xrightarrow{+4} H \xrightarrow{+3} K \xrightarrow{+5} P \xrightarrow{+6} V$$
31. $A \xrightarrow{+3} D \xrightarrow{+4} H \xrightarrow{+3} K \xrightarrow{+2} M$

$$19, 316, 13, 10, 7$$

$$S \xrightarrow{-3} P \xrightarrow{-3} M \xrightarrow{-3} 1 \xrightarrow{-3} G$$
32. $[RQ] ON [LK] [H]$

$$C \xrightarrow{+4} G \xrightarrow{+4} K \xrightarrow{+4} O \xrightarrow{+4} A G \xrightarrow{+4} S$$

$$D \xrightarrow{+4} H \xrightarrow{+4} L \xrightarrow{+4} O \xrightarrow{+4} S$$

$$D \xrightarrow{+4} H \xrightarrow{+4} L \xrightarrow{+4} P \xrightarrow{+4} T$$

$$E \xrightarrow{+5} J \xrightarrow{+4} N \xrightarrow{+3} Q \xrightarrow{+2} S$$
33. $B \xrightarrow{+4} F \xrightarrow{+4} J \xrightarrow{+4} N \xrightarrow{+3} Q \xrightarrow{+2} S$
34.
1st letter:
 $N \xrightarrow{-3} K \xrightarrow{-3} (H) \xrightarrow{-3} E \xrightarrow{-3} B$
Middle letter:
 $V \xrightarrow{-2} T \xrightarrow{-2} (R) \xrightarrow{-2} P \xrightarrow{-2} N$
35. $\begin{array}{c} 7 + 4 \\ -7 + 4 \\ -7 + 4 \\ -7 + 4 \\ -7 + 3$

e g. i k m observes the given rule.

- 37. D $\stackrel{+6}{\rightarrow}$ J $\stackrel{+5}{\rightarrow}$ O $\stackrel{+5}{\rightarrow}$ T $\stackrel{+2}{\rightarrow}$ V D $\stackrel{+6}{\rightarrow}$ J $\stackrel{+5}{\rightarrow}$ O $\stackrel{+4}{\rightarrow}$ S $\stackrel{+3}{\rightarrow}$ V D $\stackrel{+6}{\rightarrow}$ J $\stackrel{+5}{\rightarrow}$ O $\stackrel{+4}{\rightarrow}$ S $\stackrel{+4}{\rightarrow}$ W D $\stackrel{+5}{\rightarrow}$ I $\stackrel{+6}{\rightarrow}$ O $\stackrel{+4}{\rightarrow}$ S $\stackrel{+2}{\rightarrow}$ U
- 38. The given sequence is a combination of two series:I. 2, 9, 6, 13, ? and II. A, B, C, DThe pattern in I is:

 $2 \xrightarrow{+7} 9 \xrightarrow{-3} 6 \xrightarrow{+7} 13 \xrightarrow{-3} 10$

So, the missing term is 10.

- 39. The letters in the series are alternate and the numbers indicate their position in the English alphabet from the beginning.L-12, N-14 are the missing terms in the series.
- 40. $A \stackrel{+2}{=} C \stackrel{+3}{=} F \stackrel{+4}{=} J \stackrel{+4}{=} J \stackrel{+4}{=} N$ $A \stackrel{+2}{=} C \stackrel{+3}{=} F \stackrel{+4}{=} J \stackrel{+5}{=} O$ $A \stackrel{+3}{=} D \stackrel{+2}{=} F \stackrel{+4}{=} J \stackrel{+5}{=} O$ $A \stackrel{+2}{=} C \stackrel{+3}{=} F \stackrel{+5}{=} K \stackrel{+4}{=} O$ 41. $26 \stackrel{-2}{=} 24 \stackrel{-4}{=} 20 \stackrel{-6}{=} N \stackrel{-11}{=} O$ $13 \stackrel{+1}{=} N \stackrel{+10}{=} X \stackrel{+2}{=} \stackrel{-9}{=} \stackrel{-6}{=} 16 \stackrel{+1}{=} 17$ $M \stackrel{+1}{=} N \stackrel{+2}{=} \stackrel{12}{=} \stackrel{+2}{=} \stackrel{22}{=} \stackrel{+2}{=} \stackrel{23}{=} \stackrel{-2}{=} \stackrel{23}{=} \stackrel{-2}{=} \stackrel{-2}{=}$
 - $S \xrightarrow{12} U \xrightarrow{12} W \xrightarrow{12} Y \xrightarrow{} A \xrightarrow{} C \xrightarrow{} E$ $15 \xrightarrow{+8} W \xrightarrow{23} Z \xrightarrow{26} 4 \xrightarrow{4} D \xrightarrow{+5} I \xrightarrow{9} 15 \xrightarrow{+7} V$
- 43. 1st number: $2 \xrightarrow{\times 2} 4 \xrightarrow{\times 3} 12 \xrightarrow{\times 4} 48$ Middle Letter: $A \xrightarrow{+3} D \xrightarrow{+3} G \xrightarrow{+3} J$ 3rd number: $11 \xrightarrow{+2} 13 \xrightarrow{+4} 17 \xrightarrow{+6} 23$
- 44. $A \xrightarrow{+2} C \xrightarrow{+3} F \xrightarrow{+4} J \xrightarrow{+4} N \xrightarrow{+5} S$ $E \xrightarrow{+2} G \xrightarrow{+3} J \xrightarrow{+4} N \xrightarrow{+5} S \xrightarrow{+6} Y$ $C \xrightarrow{+2} E \xrightarrow{+3} H \xrightarrow{+4} L \xrightarrow{+4} P \xrightarrow{+3} S$ $K \xrightarrow{+3} N \xrightarrow{+3} Q \xrightarrow{+3} T \xrightarrow{+3} W$

45. a)
$$\stackrel{1}{A} \xrightarrow{+1} \stackrel{2}{B} \xrightarrow{+1} \stackrel{3}{C} \xrightarrow{+1} \stackrel{4}{D} \xrightarrow{+1} \stackrel{5}{E} \xrightarrow{+1} \stackrel{6}{F}$$

b) $\stackrel{12}{L} \xrightarrow{+1} \stackrel{13}{M} \xrightarrow{+1} \stackrel{14}{N} \xrightarrow{+1} \stackrel{15}{O} \xrightarrow{+1} \stackrel{16}{P} \xrightarrow{+1} \stackrel{17}{Q}$
c) $\stackrel{1}{A} \xrightarrow{+1} \stackrel{3}{C} \xrightarrow{+1} \stackrel{5}{E} \xrightarrow{+1} \stackrel{7}{G} \xrightarrow{+1} \stackrel{9}{1} \xrightarrow{+1} \stackrel{11}{K}$
d) $\stackrel{7}{G} \xrightarrow{+1} \stackrel{8}{H} \xrightarrow{+1} \stackrel{9}{1} \xrightarrow{+1} \stackrel{10}{J} \xrightarrow{+1} \stackrel{11}{K} \xrightarrow{+1} \stackrel{12}{L}$

- ^{46.} Number: 2 $\xrightarrow{+2}$ 4 $\xrightarrow{+4}$ 8 $\xrightarrow{+6}$ 14 $\xrightarrow{+8}$ (22) Letters: B $\xrightarrow{+1}$ C $\xrightarrow{+2}$ E $\xrightarrow{+3}$ H $\xrightarrow{+4}$ (L)
- 47. $W \xrightarrow{+5} B \xrightarrow{+9} K \xrightarrow{+6} Q \xrightarrow{+7} X \xrightarrow{+1} Y \xrightarrow{+7} F$ $W \xrightarrow{+2} Y \xrightarrow{+3} B \xrightarrow{+4} F \xrightarrow{+5} K \xrightarrow{+6} Q \xrightarrow{+7} X$ $Y \xrightarrow{+3} B \xrightarrow{+15} Q \xrightarrow{+0} Q \xrightarrow{-11} F \xrightarrow{+2} H \xrightarrow{+6} N$ $W \xrightarrow{+3} Z \xrightarrow{+3} C \xrightarrow{+5} H \xrightarrow{+2} J \xrightarrow{+3} M \xrightarrow{+4} Q$
- 48. Letters: $W \xrightarrow{-2} (U) \xrightarrow{-2} S \xrightarrow{-2} Q \xrightarrow{-2} O$ Number: 144 (12²) \longrightarrow (121)(11²) \longrightarrow 100(10²) \longrightarrow 81(9²) \longrightarrow 64(8²)
- ^{49.} B $\xrightarrow{+2}$ D $\xrightarrow{+2}$ F $\xrightarrow{+3}$ I $\xrightarrow{+1}$ J D $\xrightarrow{+3}$ G $\xrightarrow{+3}$ J $\xrightarrow{+2}$ L $\xrightarrow{+1}$ M B $\xrightarrow{+2}$ D $\xrightarrow{+4}$ H $\xrightarrow{+8}$ P $\xrightarrow{+16}$ F A $\xrightarrow{+2}$ C $\xrightarrow{+3}$ F $\xrightarrow{+2}$ H $\xrightarrow{+2}$ J
- 50. 1st Letter: $K \xrightarrow{-2} I \xrightarrow{-2} G \xrightarrow{-2} E \xrightarrow{-2} C$ 3rd Letter: $M \xrightarrow{+3} P \xrightarrow{+3} S \xrightarrow{+3} V \xrightarrow{+3} Y$ Number: $5 \xrightarrow{+3} 8 \xrightarrow{+3} 11 \xrightarrow{+3} 14 \xrightarrow{+3} (17)$
- ^{51.} $X \xrightarrow{+6} D \xrightarrow{+5} I \xrightarrow{+7} P \xrightarrow{+6} V$ $X \xrightarrow{+6} D \xrightarrow{+7} K \xrightarrow{+5} P \xrightarrow{+6} V$ $X \xrightarrow{+6} D \xrightarrow{+6} J \xrightarrow{+5} O \xrightarrow{+6} U$ $X \xrightarrow{+6} D \xrightarrow{+6} J \xrightarrow{+6} P \xrightarrow{+6} V$
- ^{52.} $A \xrightarrow{+2} C \xrightarrow{+3} F \xrightarrow{+4} J \xrightarrow{+5} O \xrightarrow{+6} U$ $J \xrightarrow{+2} L \xrightarrow{+2} N \xrightarrow{+2} P \xrightarrow{-1} O \xrightarrow{+2} Q$ $Z \xrightarrow{-2} X \xrightarrow{-11} M \xrightarrow{-2} K \xrightarrow{-1} J \xrightarrow{+2} L$ $K \xrightarrow{-8} C \xrightarrow{-2} A \xrightarrow{+14} O \xrightarrow{+1} P \xrightarrow{+1} Q$

PRACTICE QUESTIONS - 5

Directions: Which one set of letters when sequentially placed at the gaps in the given letter series shall complete it.?

1. b __ ac __ cc __ cb __ ab __ ac (b) bbaac (a) cbaba (d) aabba (c) abbbc 2. D __ 6 E G P __ H J __ 12 K M B 15 __ (a) E, 7, J, L (b) F, 8, M, K (c) G, 9, I, M (d) J, 9, V, N 3. bab - b - b - - abb (a) a b b a (b) b b b a (c) a b a b (d) b a b b 4. aa ___ aaa ___ aaaa ___ b (a) baaa (b) bbaa (c) bbbb (d) bbba 5. a c b – c e – f – (a) dde (b) cde (c) dee (d) ddg 6. – op – mo – n – – p n m o p – (a) mnompn (b) mnpomn (d) mnpmon (c) mpnmop 7. a - n - b - - ncb - - ncb(a) bcabab (b) bacbab (d) abbbcc (c) abcbcb 8. - stt - tt - tts -(a) tsst (b) sstt (c) ttst (d) tsts (a) nttwiwn (b) ttinwin (c) tntiwtn (d) tntwitn 10. aa-b-abc-ac-a-de (a) babcc (b) aaada (c) abade (d) abaad 11. ccbab __ caa __ bccc __ a __ (a) babb (b) bbba (c) baab (d) babc 12. cccbb___aa __ cc __ bbbaa __ c (a) acbc (b) baca (c) baba (d) acba 13. a-bbc-aab-aa-abba-(a) cabaa (b) bacba (c) bbaaa (d) aabba 14. ac - ga - eg - ce -(a) dbag (b) ecag (c) deag (d) ebdg 15. nc-dcn-cddc-n-ddcnn-d (a) cdndc (b) dnncc (d) nccdn (c) dcndd 16. ____a___aaaba____ _ ba ab (a) abaaaa (b) abaaba (d) ababaa (c) aababa

17. a bc a bcda ccd _	bcd
(a) abddbd	(b) acbdbb
(c) adbbad	(d) adbcad
18. aba _ baca _ ba _ bacaabac	
(a) c a c b	(b) c c a b
(c) c a b c	(d) a b c c
19aab_a_a_ba	
(a) bbaab	(b) aaabb
(c) ababa	(d) babab
20 bcdbc dcabd bcdbd	
(a) aaaaa	(b) ccccc
(c) bbbbb	(d) ddddd
21. ca _ bd _ ec _ fd _ ge?	(d) ddddd
(a) b, c, d, e	(b) b d c e
(a) b, c, e, d (c) b, c, e, d	(b) b, d, c, e (d) d b c c
	(d) d, b, c, e
22. aabaaabba	(h) ahh
(a) baa	(b) abb
(c) bab	(d) aab
23. bcde ebcd debc cdeb?	
(a) dcbe	(b) bcde
(c) cdbe	(d) dbce
24. b ccacca ba bbc	
(a) baabc	(b) abaaa
(c) acbca	(d) bacab
25. F _ U 6 _ 9 I _ T 7 _ 20	
(a) 11, G, 16, K, U	(b) 13, H, 15, L, M
(c) 17, J, 19, R, S	(d) 21, R, 18, G, W
26. $a-ba-bb-ab-a$	
(a) aabb	(b) baaa
(c) abab	(d) baab
27. ab-abc-bc-bca-c	
(a) caab	(b) caac
(c) bccb	(d) baca
28. a c abb a bc b	oc ab
(a) cbcaaa	(b) bcccab
(c) bccaac	(d) acbabc
29. l–n–mll-m–n–l	
(a) m n m n	(b) m n n m
(c) m n m m	(d) n m m n
30. m—ommn—m—nommn—	
(a) onmo	(b) nomo
(c) monm	(d) nnmo
31. In the following series, cho	
contains the numerals to be	
in the correct order:	inica in the maniet of tees,
BDCABDACB	
4132???	
a_a_bc_c	
(a) 1, 2, 3, 4	(b) 2, 3, 1, 4
(~, -, -, 0, -	(~, _, _, _, _, _

(a) 1, 2, 3, 4	(b) 2, 3, 1, 4
(c) 1, 2, 4, 3	(d) 2, 1, 4, 3

Series Completion	41
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32. ac cab baca aba acac	
(a) aacb	(b) acbc
(c) babb	(d) babb
33. a—baa—aaba—ca—b	
(a) bcca	(b) ccaa
(c) acaa	(d) abac
34. c bbb abbbb abbb	
(a) aabcb	(b) abccb
(c) abacb	(d) bacbb
35. ZX_TR_NLJ_FD_	()
(a) V P H B	(b) V R H B
(c) U P J B	(d) U P J D
36. a e b d_f j g i_k o l n_	(-) -)
(a) c m h	(b) c h m
(c) c g m	(d) c j l
37. a cacbc baca b	
(a) baba	(b) babc
(c) abac	(d) cacb
38. ORU–O–UXOR–X–RUX	(u) cuco
(a) ORXU	(b) XURO
(c) XRUO	(d) OURX
39 n m m n - m m n n - m n n	. ,
(a) n n m m	(b) n m n m (d) n m m n
(c) m n n m	(d) n m m n
40. a ca bc bca	(h) hh ah
(a) bbaa	(b) bbab
(c) aabb	(d) baba
41. h _ eg _ fegh _ eghfe _	
(a) gffh	(b) hhgg
(c) ffgh	(d) fhfg
42 bbm - amb - m - a - bb	/1 × 1 = 1
(a) mbabm	(b) abmab
(c) mabam	(d) ambbm
43. w uww w xuw	
(a) xuwuwx	(b) xwuuxw
(c) xxuwwu	(d) xxwwuu
44. 2 3 B _ 6 _ F G _ 5 D _ 8 _ F	
(a) C, 7, 4, E, 9	(b) D, 8, 6, C, 7
(c) E, 8, 7, D, 9	(d) W, 8, 7, I, 6
45. m - nm - n - an - a - ma - ma - ma - ma	_
(a) amammn	(b) aammnn
(c) ammanm	(d) aamnan
46. r sr tsrrt rr sr	
(a) ttss	(b) tsts
(c) trst	(d) sstt
47. b b bb bbb bb b)
(a) bbbbba	(b) bbaaab
(c) ababab	(d) aabaab
48. ZYX-W-YZZ-XWWXY -	
(a) WXYZ	(b) WYXZ
(c) WXZY	(d) XYZW
49. BE-K-Q; BB-EHH-KNNQQ	
(a) DLEK	(b) HNEK
(c) DLCJ	(d) HNCJ

50. abd aaba na badna	b
(a) andaa	(b) babda
(c) badna	(d) dbanb
51. – PSRQ–SRQP–RQPS–	
(a) PRQS	(b) PQRS
(c) QPSR	(d) SRQP
52. a _ ab_bcbc_caca_	
(a) ccba	(b) acba
(c) bccb	(d) bcab
53. $cc - ccbc - accbcc - c - b$	
(a) acac	(b) abac
(c) abab	(d) aabc
54. gfe ig eii fei gf ii	
(a) eifgi	(b) figie
(c) ifgie	(d) ifige
55. ab bbc c ab ab b	
(a) ccaac	(b) cbabc
(c) cacac	(d) bccab
56. ab aa bbb aaa bbba	
(a) abba	(b) baab
(c) aaab	(d) abab
57. $-$ ONP M $-$ NP MO $-$ P MON	í —
(a) PNOM	(b) NMPO
(c) ONPM	(d) MONP
58. ac bd ccdf egh	
(a) d, f, g, e	(b) b, d, c, a
(c) d, g, f, e	(d) d, e, f, g
59. a b – – b a a – – a b –	
(a) b a a b b	(b) a a b a b
(c) a a b a a	(d) a a a a a
60. a_b_an_bb_abbn	
(a) abnabb	(b) bnbban
(c) bnbbna	(d) babban
61. H— JH — IJHHI — HH —JH	
(a) IHJI	(b) HIHI
(c) IHIJ	(d) HJHJ
62aa_ba_bb_ab_aab	
(a) babab	(b) aaabb
(c) bbaab	(d) bbbaa
63. ab – aa – aaa – a – ab – a	
(a) a b b a b	(b) a b a a a
(c) a a b b a	(d) a b b a a
64. r_se_os_ro_er_se	
(a) oreso	(b) rores
(c) o e s r s	(d) r o e s o
65. QST, QS R, Q TR,STI	
(a) SQTR	(b) RTSQ
(c) TRQS	(d) TSRQ
66. accabbacaabaaca	
(a) acbcc	(b) aacbc
(c) babbb	(d) bcbba
67. a <u>ba</u> bb <u>ab</u> a	(1) 1 1
(a) aaba	(b) baab
(c) baaa	(d) abab

70. a __ abbb __ ccccd __ ddccc __ bb __ ba 68. – abb, aa – c, – ad –, aae – (a) abcda (b) abdbc (a) acade (b) acede (d) babce (c) bebde (c) abdcb (d) abcad 69. ab ___bcbca ____c __bab (a) acbc (b) baaa (c) abcc

(d) ccaa

ANSWER KEY							
1. (d)	2. (d)	3. (a)	4. (d)	5. (a)	6. (d)	7. (a)	8. (a)
9. (c)	10. (b)	11. (a)	12. (b)	13. (a)	14. (b)	15. (c)	16. (a)
17. (c)	18. (a)	19. (c)	20. (a)	21. (a)	22. (a)	23. (b)	24. (a)
25. (d)	26. (d)	27. (a)	28. (c)	29. (b)	30. (b)	31. (a)	32. (a)
33. (c)	34. (b)	35. (a)	36. (b)	37. (c)	38. (c)	39. (a)	40. (a)
41. (d)	42. (c)	43. (c)	44. (a)	45. (b)	46. (c)	47. (c)	48. (a)
49. (b)	50. (a)	51. (c)	52. (d)	53. (a)	54. (c)	55. (c)	56. (b)
57. (d)	58. (b)	59. (c)	60. (b)	61. (a)	62. (c)	63. (d)	64. (a)
65. (b)	66. (b)	67. (b)	68. (a)	69. (d)	70. (c)		

EXPLANATIONS

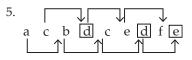
- 1. The series is baac/accb/cbba/baac.
- 2. From the alternatives, it is clear that the series can be divided into 4 groups of four term each --- each group comprising of three letters and a number at the third place.
- D __ 6 E / G P __ H / J __ 12 K / M B 15 __

Studying the pairs 6E and 12K, we find that in each group, the number is one more than the number representing the position of the letter at the fourth place, in the English alphabet.

- Thus, putting A = 1, B = 2, ..., Y = 25, Z = 26, we have : 1^{st} missing term = J
- 2^{nd} missing term = H + 1 = 8 + 1 = 9;
- 3^{rd} missing term = P + 6 = V
- 4^{th} missing term = 15 1 = 14th letter = N.

Thus, the 2nd and 4th missing terms are 9 and N.

- 3. bab b / b a b b / b abb
- 4. The series is aab/aaab/aaaab/aaaab.



- 6. m op n / mo p n / mo p n / mop n
- 7. abncb/abncb/abncb

- 8. t st / t s t / t s t / t s t / t s t
- 9. twin / twin / twin / twin
- 10. aa a b/a abc/a ac d /a a de Therefore, ? = a a a d a
- 11. The series is ccba/bbca/aabc/ccba/b.
- 12. The series is ccc bbb aaa/ccc bbb aaa/c. Thus, the pattern 'ccc bbb aaa' is repeated.
- 13. Here the letter series is as follows: acb bca aab baa aab baa
- 14. ac eg / a c eg / a c eg
- 15. Here the letter series is as follows: ncd den ecd den ndd den ndd
- 16. aaba/aaba/aa ba/aaba
- 17. The series is aabcd/abbcd/abccd/ abcdd.
- 18. aba c baca / a ba c baca / abac b aca
- 19. a b a/ab a /a b a/a ba
- 20. The series is bcd/bcad/cabd/abcd/bcad/cabd. Clearly, each group consists of letters of the previous group in the order--- second, third, first and fourth.
- 21. cab /bd c / ec d / fd e_{1}
- 22. Fill the first blank with the letter *b* so that we have two *a's* followed by two *b's*. Fill the second blank with either a so that we have four *a*'s followed by two *b*'s, or *b* so

that we have three *a*'s followed by three *b*'s. Fill the last space with the letter *a*. Thus, the two possible answers are *baa* and *bba*. But only baa is there on the options.

- 23. In each subsequent term the last letter becomes the first letter.
- 24. The series is bbcca/ccaab/aabbc/bbcca.
- 25. From the alternatives, it is clear that the series can be divided into 4 groups of four terms each each group comprising of two letters and two numbers, occurring alternately.

F _____U 6 / ____ 9 I ____ / T 7 ___ 20 / ____ 4 D 23

4D indicates that in a group, the number at the send place denotes the position of the letter at the third place, in the English alphabet.

The term T 7 ____ 20 indicates that in a group, the number at the fourth place denotes the position of the letter at the first place, in the English alphabet.

Thus, putting A = 1, B = 2, ..., Y = 25, Z = 26, we have:

- 1^{st} missing term = U = 21;
- 3^{rd} missing term = 7th = G;

 5^{th} missing term = 23rd letter = W.

- 26. abba/abba/abba;
- 27. ab c / abc / a bc / a bc / a b
- 28. The series is abccab/bcaabc/abccab.

Thus, the pattern abccab/bcaabc is repeated.

- 29. 1 m n n m l / lm n n m l
- 30. m n o m / m n o m / m n o m / m n o m
- 31. In the second series, 1 occurs at the same position as D occurs in the first series.

So, 1 corresponds to D. Thus, the first question mark below D is to be replaced by 1.

Now, in the third series, c at the eighth place corresponds to A in the first series, while c at the sixth place corresponds to 2 in the second series. So, 2 corresponds to A. Thus, the second question mark below A is to be replaced by 2.

In the third series, a at the first place corresponds to B in the first series and at the third place corresponds to 4 in the second series. So, 4 corresponds to B. Thus, the question mark below B is to be replaced by 4.

Now, only 3 remains. So, 3 corresponds to C. Thus, the question mark below C is to be replaced by 3. Thus, DACB corresponds to 1, 2, 3, 4.

32. The series is acac/abab/acac/abab/acac.

Thus, the pattern acac/abab is repeated.

33. aabaac/aabaac/aab

34. The series is cabbbb/ cabbbb / cabbbb.

Thus, the pattern 'cabbbb' is repeated.

^{35.} $Z \xrightarrow{-2} x \xrightarrow{-2} \overline{V}$ $T \xrightarrow{-2} R \xrightarrow{-2} \overline{P}$ $N \xrightarrow{-2} L \xrightarrow{-2} J \xrightarrow{-2} \overline{H}$ $F \xrightarrow{-2} D \xrightarrow{-2} \overline{B}$

- 36. aebd c / figi h / ko ln m
- 37. The series is abcac/bcaba/cabcb.

Thus, the series consists of three sequences. The first three letters of each sequence are in a cyclic order and the last two letters of each sequence are the same as the first and third letters of the sequence.

38. O R U X / O R U X / O

RUX/ORUX

:. ? = XRUO

39. The pattern n n m m is repeated.

n n m m/n n m m/r

m m/n n m m

40. The series is abcab/bcabc/cabca.

^{41.} hffeg / h feg / hffeg / hfeg

- 42. m bb/m a a/m b b /m a a/m
- 43. wxuw pattern is repeated.

w x uw / w xu w/ w w / wxu w

44. From the alternatives, it is clear that the series can be divided into groups of 4 terms each --- each group comprising of two numbers followed by two letters, as shown below:

23B_/6_FG/_5D_/8_HI

Clearly, the first number in each group represents the position of the letter at the third place, in the English alphabet. Thus, the third missing term is the number corresponding to the position of D in English alphabet i.e. 4.

Substituting other terms of (a) into the series, we get:

23BC/67FG/45DE/89HI

Observe that the second number in each group represents the position of the letter at the fourth place, in the English alphabet. Hence, the answer is A.

45. ma n / man / m an / man / man / man / m an / m a n /

Therefore,? = aammnn

46. r t sr/ r tsr / rt sr / r t sr

- 47. The series is babb/bbba/bbba/bbbb. Thus, in each sequence, 'a' move one step forward an 'b' takes its place and finally in the fourth sequence, is eliminated.
- 48. Z Y X W / W X Y Z / Z Y X W / W X Y Z
- 49. $B \xrightarrow{+3} E \xrightarrow{+3} H \xrightarrow{+3} K \xrightarrow{+3} N \xrightarrow{+3} Q$ BB E EHH K KNNQQ
- 50. The series is abadna/abadna/abadna/ab. Thus, the pattern 'abadna' is repeated.
- 51. Q PSR/QP SR/QP SR/QPS R

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- 52. a b a b c /bc bc a / caca b
- 53. cc a ccb/c c accb/cc a c c b
- 54. The series is gfeii/gfeii/gfeii. Thus, the pattern 'gfeii' is repeated.
- 55. The series is abc/b/bca/c/cab/a/abc/b.
- 56. The series is abb/aaabbb/aaaabbbb/a.

Thus the letters are repeated twice, then thrice, then four times and so on.

- 57. MONP/MONP/MONP/MN Therefore, ? = MONP
- 58. a c d / b d e / c e f / d f g / e
- 59. The pattern aba is repeated. aba /aba/aba/aba
- 60. ab bn/ a bb n/abb n/ abbn
- 61. HIJH/HIJH/HIJH/H

- 62. baab/baab/baab/baa
- $^{63.}$ ab a a/a b aa/a b a / ab a a
- 64. The pattern rose is repeated. r o se r os e ro s er o se
- 65. QSTR/QSTR/QSTR/QSTR
- 66. acac/abab/acac/abab/acacc
- 67. a b ba / a bb a / ab b a
- 68. a abb / aa c c / a ad d / aace
- 69. The series is abcbc/bcaca/cabab.

Thus, the series consists of three sequences. The first sequence begins with a, the second with b and the third with c. Each sequence consists of a letter followed by the pair of other two letters repeated twice.

70. The series is

aaa/bbbb/cccc/dddd/cccc/bbbb/a.

ANALOGY

The meaning of 'Analogy' means 'Correspondence'. In this type of questions, a particular relationship is given and another similar relationship has to be identified from the choices provided. These tests are meant to test a candidate's overall ability, knowledge, power of reasoning to think accurately and concisely. Some of the common relationships which will aid you in detecting analogies are given below:

RELATIONSHIPS

1. Country and Capital

Ex. 1 Australia : Canberra

Here, Australia's capital is Canberra.

-	
Afghanistan : Kabul	Austria : Vienna
Bangladesh : Dhaka	Bhutan : Thimphu
Canada : Ottawa	China : Beijing
Cuba : Havana	Denmark : Copenhagen
Egypt : Cairo	France : Paris
Greece : Athens	India : Delhi
Indonesia : Jakarta	Iran : Tehran
Iraq : Baghdad	Italy : Rome
Japan : Tokyo	Kenya : Nairobi
Nepal : Kathmandu	Norway : Oslo
Pakistan : Islamabad	Portugal : Lisbon
Russia : Moscow	Spain : Madrid
Sri Lanka : Colombo	Thailand : Bangkok
UK : London	USA : Washington

Likewise, we need to know the capitals of other countries to identify this analogy. Some of them are given below.

2. State and Capital

Ex. 2 U.P.: Lucknow

Here, U. P's capital is Lucknow.

Likewise, we need to know the capitals of the states also to identify this analogy. Some of them are given below :

Andhra Pradesh : Hyderabad	Assam : Dispur
Bihar : Patna	Gujarat : Gandhinagar
West Bengal : Kolkata	Karnataka : Bengaluru
Kerala : Thiruvananthapuram	Maharashtra : Mumbai

Meghalaya : Shillong	Nagaland : Kohima	
Odisha : Bhubaneshwar	Rajasthan : Jaipur	
Sikkim : Gangtok	Tamil Nadu : Chennai	
3. Country and Currency		
Ex. 3 China : Yuan		

Here, China's currency is Yuan.

3.

Examples of other country's currencies are given below :

Argentina : Peso	Bangladesh : Taka
Burma : Kyat	Germany : Mark
Greece : Drachma	India : Rupee
Iran : Rial	Iraq : Dinar
Japan : Yen	Korea : Won
Kuwait : Dinar	Netherlands : Guilder
Russia : Rouble	Spain : Peseta
Sweden : Krona	Thailand : Baht
Turkey : Lira	UAE : Dirham
UK : Pound	USA : Dollar

4. Instrument and Measurement

Ex. 4 Hygrometer : Humidity

Here, Hygrometer is used to measure the humidity. Other Examples:

Ammeter : Current	Anemometer : Wind speed
Taseometer : Strains	Balance : Mass
Barometer : Pressure	Scale : Length
Sphygmomanometer : Blood Pressure	Seismograph : Earthquakes
Screw gauge : Thickness	Odometer : Speed
Thermometer : Temperature	
5. Ouantity and Unit:	

Ex. 5 Area : Hectare

Hectare is the unit of measuring area. Other Examples:

Angle : Radians Current : Ampere Force : Newton Luminosity : Candela Conductivity : Mho Energy : Joule Length : Metre Magnetic field : Oersted

Chapter

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Mass : Kilogram Power : Watt Resistance : Ohm Time : Seconds Work : Joule 6. Individual and Group : Ex. 6 Cattle : Herd	Potential : Volt Pressure : Pascal Temperature : Degrees Volume : Litre	Drone : Bee Gander : Goose Lion : Lioness Master : Mistress Nephew : Niece Stag : Doe 9. Animal and Movem	Earl : Countess Horse : Mare Lord : Lady Monk : Nun Son : Daughter Tutor : Governess Wizard : Witch
A group of cattle is calle	d as herd.	Ex. 9 Bird : Fly	
Other Examples:		The movement of bi	rds is commonly called as fly.
Artist : Troupe	Bees : Swarm	Other Examples:	
Chicken : Brood	Drawers : Chest	Bear : Lumber	Cock : Strut
Fish : Shoal	Flowers : Bouquet	Donkey : Trot	Duck : Waddle
Geese : Gaggle	Goods : Stock	Eagle : Swoop	Elephant : Amble
Grapes : Bunch	Man : Crowd	Horse : Gallop	Lamb : Frisk
Ministers : Council	Musicians : Band	Lion : Prowl	Mouse : Scamper
Nomads : Horde	Pilgrims : Caravan	Owl : Flit	Rabbit : Leap
Players : Team	Pupils : Class	10. Animal/Thing and	its Sound :
Riders : Cavalcade	Rioters : Mob	Ex. 10 Donkey : Bra	ny
	Sailors : Crew	Here, bray is the s	ound produced by the animal
Robbers : Gang	Sallors : Crew	donkey.	÷

Termites : Colony

Singer : Chorus

7. Animals with their respective Young Ones :

Ex. 7 Bear : Cub

Soldiers : Army

Sheep : Flock

Here, Bear's young one is called as Cub. Other Examples:

Butterfly : Caterpillar	Cat : Kitten
Cockroach : Nymph	Cow : Calf
Deer : Fawn	Dog : Puppy
Duck : Duckling	Frog : Tadpole
Hen : Chick	Horse : Colt/Filly/Foal
Insect : Larva	Lion : Cub
Man : Child	Sheep : Lamb
Stag : Fawn	Swan : Cygnet
Tiger : Cub	

8. Gender with Respective name :

Ex. 8 Fox : Vixen

Here, Vixen is the female Fox. Other Examples:

Bachelor : Spinster Bull : Cow Cock : Hen Dog : Bitch Brother : Sister Bullock : Heifer Colt : Filly Drake : Duck Other Examples:

*			
Bells : Chime	Camel : Grunt		
Cat : Mew	Cattle : Low		
Cock : Crow	Coins : Jingle		
Crow : Caw	Drum : Beat		
Duck : Quack	Elephant : Trumpet		
Frog : Croak	Goat : Bleat		
Hen : Cackle	Horse : Neigh		
Jackal : Howl	Leaves : Rustle		
Lion : Roar	Mice : Squeak		
Monkey : Gibber	Owl : Hoot		
Rain : Patter	Snake : Hiss		
Sparrow : Chirp	Thunder : Roar		
11. Individual/Thing and Class :			

Ex. 11 Man : Mammal

Here, Man belongs to the class of Mammals. Other Examples:

Butterfly : Insect	Chair : Furniture
Cup : Crockery	Curtain : Drapery
Frog : Amphibian	Lizard : Reptile
Ostrich : Bird	Pen : Stationery
Rat : Rodent	Shirt : Garment
Snake : Reptile	Whale : Mammal

					Analogy 47
12. Individual and Livin Ex. 12 Bee : Hive	g Place :	-	otor : Chisel ior : Sword		or : Needle odcutter : Axe
			and Action :	***	fucture i Tixe
Here, a bee lives in a h Other Examples:	ive.	Ex. 16	Knife : Cut		
1					
Bird : Nest	Convict : Prison		a Knife is used for	r Cutt	ing.
Cow : Byre / Pen	Dog : Kennel		Examples:	Ι.	
Eagle : Eyrie	Eskimo : Igloo	0	r : Bore		e : Grind
Gypsy : Caravan	Hare : Burrow		ular : View		sel : Carve
Horse : Stable	King : Palace		Shoot		dspeaker : Amplify
Knight : Mansion	Lion : Den		ock : Dig le : Sew		rroscope : Magnify · : Row
Lunatic : Asylum	Monk : Monastery	Pen :			eld : Guard
Mouse : Hole	Nun : Convent		el : Scoop		de : Dig
Owl : Barn	Peasant : Cottage		ner : Grip	-	oon : Feed
Pig : Sty	Soldier : Barracks	-	d : Slaughter	-	ngs : Hold
Spider : Web		17. Work	ker and Working	Place	:
13. Animals/Things and	Keeping Place :	Ex. 17	Farmer : Field		
Ex. 13 Car : Garage		Here, a farmer works in the field.		eld.	
Here, a car is kept in a	garage.	Other	Examples:		1
Other Examples:		Actor :	Stage		Artist : Theatre
Aeroplane : Hangar	Animals : Zoo		omer : Observato	ry	Beautician : Parlour
Bees : Apiary	Birds : Aviary	Chef :]	Kitchen		Clerk : Office
Clothes : Wardrobe	Curios : Museum	Doctor	: Hospital		Engineer : Site
Fish : Aquarium	Grains : Granary	Gambl	er : Casino		Grocer : Shop
Guns : Armoury	Medicine : Dispensary	Lawye	r : Court		Mechanic : Garage
Patient : Hospital	Wine : Cellar	Painter	: Gallery		Sailor : Ship
14. Games and Place of I	Playing :	Scienti	st : Laboratory		Servant : House
Ex. 14 Boxing : Ring		Teache	r : School		Umpire : Pitch
Here, Boxing is played	on a Ring.	Warrio	r : Battlefield		Waiter : Restaurant
Other Examples:	0,	Worke	r : Factory		

18. Worker and Product :

Ex. 18 Farmer : Crop

Here, a farmer produces the crop. Other Examples : Author : Book Architect : Design Butcher : Meat Carpenter : Furniture Chef: Food Choreographer : Ballet Cobbler : Shoes Dramatist : Play Editor : Newspaper Goldsmith : Ornaments Mason : Wall Poet : Poem Producer : Film Teacher : Education Tailor : Clothes 19. Product and Raw material :

Ex. 19 Butter : Milk

1

1

Athletics : Stadium Cricket : Pitch Hockey : Ground Skating : Rink Wrestling : Arena

Badminton : Court Exercise : Gymnasium Race : Track Tennis : Court

15. Worker and Tool :

Ex. 15 Carpenter : Saw

Here, Saw is the tool used by a Carpenter Other Examples:

Author : Pen Chef : Knife Farmer : Plough Labourer : Spade Soldier : Gun

Blacksmith : Anvil Doctor : Stethoscope Gardener : Harrow Mason : PlumbLine Surgeon : Scalpel

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Here, butter is made up of milk. Other Examples:

Book : Paper	Cloth : Fibre
Fabric : Yarn	Furniture : Wood
Jaggery : Sugarcane	Jewellery : Gold
Linen : Flax	Metal : Ore
Oil : Seed	Omelette : Egg
Paper : Pulp	Prism : Glass
Pullover : Wool	Road : Asphalt
Rubber : Latex	Sack : Jute
Shoes : Leather	Wall : Brick
Wine : Grapes	

20. Part and Whole Relationship :

Ex. 20 Pencil : Lead

Here, lead is a part of the pencil.

Other Examples:

Aeroplane : Cockpit	Bicycle : Pedal
Book : Chapter	Car : Steering
Cart : Wheel	Circle : Arc
Class : Student	Clock : Needle
Fan : Blade	House : Room
Pen : Nib	
Pair Relationship :	

Ex. 21 Saree : Blouse

21.

Here, Saree and Blouse go together. Other Examples:

-	
Chair : Table	Cup : Saucer Horse : Carriage
Door : Window	Horse : Carriage
Lock : Key	Pencil : Eraser
Question : Answer	Shirt : Trousers
Shoes : Socks	

22. Study and Topic :

Ex. 22 Anthropology : Man

Here, Anthropology is the study of man. Other Examples:

Archaeology : Artifacts Botany : Plants Conchology : Shells Eccrinology : Secretions Palaeography : Writings Ichthyology : Fishes Nephrology : Fishes Nephrology : Kidney Oology : Eggs Haematology : Blood Pathology : Diseases Astrology : Future Cardiology : Heart Craniology : Skull Entomology : Insects Herpetology : Amphibians Mycology : Fungi Onomatology : Names Ornithology : Birds Palaeontology : Fossils Pedology : Soil

Phycology : Algae	Physiology : Body	
Seismology : Earthquakes	Taxonomy : Classification	
Selenography : Moon	Virology : Viruses	
Zoology : Animals		
23. Word and Intensity :		

Ex. 23 Wish : Desire

Here, Desire is of higher intensity than Wish. Other Examples:

Anger : Rage	Crime : Sin
Error : Blunder	Famous : Renowned
Kindle : Burn	Moisten : Drench
Quarrel : War	Refuse : Deny
Sink : Drown	Speak : Shout
Touch : Push	Unhappy : Sad
11 10	

24. Word and Synonym:

Ex. 24 Presage : Predict

Here, Presage means almost the same as predict. Thus, Predict is the synonym of Presage

Other Examples:

Abduct : Kidnap	Abode : Dwelling
Alight : Descend	Assign : Allot
Ban : Prohibition	Blend : Mix
Brim : Edge	Dearth : Scarcity
Dissipate : Squander	Fallacy : Illusion
Fierce : Violent	Flaw : Defect
Haughty : Proud	House : Home
Mend : Repair	Presume : Assume
Sedate : Calm	Solicit : Request
Substitute : Replace	Vacant : Empty
25. Word and Antonym :	

Ex. 25 Robust : Weak

Here, Robust means the opposite of Weak. Thus, Robust is the antonym of weak.

Other Examples: Advance : Retreat

Attack : Defend Chaos : Peace Cordial : Hostile Cruel : Kind Fresh : Stale Gradual : Abrupt Initial : Final Lend : Borrow Mourn : Rejoice Affirm : Deny Best : Worst Condense : Expand Create : Destroy Deep : Shallow Gentle : Harsh Ignore : Notice Kindle : Extinguish Lethargy : Alertness Sink : Float

COMPLETING THE INCOMPLETE PAIR

Here, in this type, two pairs are given in the question where one pair is completely paired up while the other one is incomplete. The pairs are related in some way to each other.

To find out the incomplete pair, we need to analyse and determine the relationship between the first pair which subsequently helps us to find out the analogous pair of the incomplete pair from the given alternatives, which bears the same relationship as that of the first pair.

Examples:

			ancient
Ex. 1	Touch : Feel : : Greet	:?	Ex. 9
(a) Sn (c) Su Solution A Tou	ccess : (b)	(b) Acknowledge(d) Mannersct. Similarly, Greet is	(a) S (c) N Solutio
acknowle	edged. House : Room :: Wo	rld :?	Deteo informe
(a) La (c) Ai Solution Room of the wo	r : (d) is a part of the house. S	(b) Sun (d) Nation Similarly, nation is a part	(a) I (c) F Solutio
Ex. 3	Carbon : Diamond ::	Corundum :?	Genu Authen
(a) Ga (c) Pu	khraj	(b) Ruby (d) Pearl	Genuin Mirage SIMF
			In thi first typ
	eaty : (d) e leads to pollution. S	(b) Peace (d) Destruction Similarly, War leads to	instead a way t Examp (a) H
destructi Ex. 5	on. Ink : Pen :: Blood :?		(c) (Solutio
(a) Ao (c) Ve Solution	ccident in : (c)	(b) Doctor (d) Donation v, vein is filled with blood.	Here, is more form of Exampl
Ex. 6	Good : Bad :: Roof :?		(a) F
(a) W (c) Flo Solution The se Roof: Flo	oor : (c) cond term is antonym	(b) Pillars (d) Window of the first term. Hence,	(c) B Solutio Here, is the p process
Ex. 7	Lion : Den :: Rabbit :	?	Exampl
(a) He	ole	(b) Pit	(a) S

(d) Trench

Solution: (d)
-------------	----

(c) Burrow

	Ex. 3	Carbon : Diamond :: Corundum :?		
	(a) G	Garnet (b) I	Ruby	
(c) Pukhraj		Pukhraj (d) l	(d) Pearl	
	Solution	n. (h)		

Ex. 4	Smoke : I	Pollution :: War :?
(a) V	ictory	(b) Peace
(c) Ti	reaty	(d) Destruction
Solution	1: (d)	

this type, questions are easier to understand than the
type. Since it has been portrayed directly as words
ead of using ':' and ': :'. The options are given in such

that it makes us confusing about the answer.

le 1 : Noise : Din : : Quiet : ?

(a) Hush	(b) Dumb
(c) Gag	(d) Mouth

on: (a)

e, second is the more intense form of the first. Din e intense form of Noise while Hush is more intense f Quiet.

ole 2 : Distil : Whisky : : Brew : ?

(a) Ferment	(b) Gin
(c) Beer	(d) Sugar

on: (c)

e, first is the process of preparing the second. Distil process of preparing Whiskey while Brew is the s of preparing Beer.

Example 3 : Leisurely	: Unhurried :	: Tardy : ?
-----------------------	---------------	-------------

(a) Sluggish	(b) Dim
(c) Dawdle	(d) Sour

The habitat (living place) of lion is called Den. Similarly, the living place of rabbit is burrow.

Ex. 8	Novelty : Oldn	y : Oldness :: Newness :?				
(a) N	Iodel	(b) Antiquity				
(c) Discovery		(d) Culture				
C - 1 - 1 -						

Solution: (b)

Solution: (c)

Novelty means the quality of being new, different or strange. Oldness shows just the opposite meaning of novelty. Antiquity means the ancient past, an object from ancient times and is opposite to the word Newress.

Ex. 9	Detective : Informer :: Reporter :?				
(a) So	ource	(b) Editorial			
(c) News		(d) Essay			
Solution: (a)					

ective collects vital information with the help of er. Similarly, Reporter collects news from source.

Ex. 10	Genuine : Auth	e : Authentic :: Mirage :?				
(a) Ill	usion	(b) Image				
(c) Hi	ideout	(d) Reflection				
(0)11	()	(a) reflection				

on: (a)

uine means real, not artificial, sincere, honest etc. ntic means known to be true or genuine. Thus, ne and Authentic are synonymous to each other. is an illusion caused by hot air conditions.

PLE ANALOGY

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Solution: (a)

The words in each pair are synonyms of each other. Here, Sluggish is the synonym of Tardy.

Example 4 : Solicitous : Concern : : Verbose : ?

(a) Tiredness	(b) Wordiness
(c) Speech	(d) Deafness
1 (1)	

Solution: (b)

First exhibits the second. Solicitous exhibits the Concern while Verbose exhibits the Wordiness.

Example 5 : Wince : Pain : : Prostration : ?

(a) Discomfiture	(b) Frustration
(c) Submissiveness	(d) Strained

Solution:

First is the sign of the Second. Wince is the sign of Pain while Prostration is the sign of Submissiveness.

FINDING THE RELATED PAIR OF WORDS

In this type, pair of words is given followed by four pairs of words as alternatives. Here, we need to find out the suitable or the best pair among the given alternatives which bears the same relationship as those of the given pair.

Examples

Ex. 1 Druggist: Pharmacy ::__

- (a) Chef: Restaurant
- (b) Librarian : Catalogue
- (c) Carpenter : Wood
- (d) Physician : Patient

Solution: (b)

Druggist (Pharmacist) is responsible for preparing and dispensing of drugs (Pharmacy). Similarly, Librarian prepares catalogue.

Ex. 2	Calendar : Date ::	::
(a) T	ime : Hour	(b) Transport : Bus
(c) D	victionary : Word	(d) City : Pin Code

(c) Dictionary : Word

Solution: (c)

Date is given in calendar. Similarly words are arranged in alphabetical order in Dictionary.

Ex. 3 Editor : Magazine :: ::			
(a) M	lovie : Scene	(b) Music : Actor	
(c) D	rama : Director	(d) Drawing : Artist	

Solution: (c)

Editor is the overall in charge of a magazine. Similarly, a drama is played under the supervision of Director.

Ex. 4	Ex. 4 Necklace: Adornment:: :				
(a) N	Iedal: Decoration	(b) Bronze: Medal			
(c) S	carf: Dress	(d) Window: House			
Solution	n: (a)				

olution: (a)

Necklace is used for adornment. Similarly, Medal is a Decoration.

Ex. 5 Horse: Hoof::

(a) Man: Foot (c) Paise: Rupee

Solution: (a)

The hoof of horse is analogous to foot of man.

Prologue : Play:: _____ Ex. 6 _ : _

(a) Epilogue : Oration

(b) Intermezzo : Symphony

- (c) Overture : Opera
- (d) Chapter : Novel

Solution: (c)

Prologue is a preliminary speech given at the beginning of a play. Similarly, overture is an orchestral composition forming the introduction to an opera.

Ex. 7	Friendly : Inimical:: :
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(a) Lithosphere : Hydrosphere

- (b) Abstain : Refrain
- (c) Condemnation : Approval
- (d) Disappointment : Embarrassment

Solution: (c)

The words in each pair are antonyms of each other. Here, condemnation is the antonym of Approval.

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Ex.	x	Intelligentsia	٠	HITTOT	٠	
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- (a) Commonality : Common Class
- (b) Gentry : Public
- (c) Rabble : Plebeian
- (d) Outer shell : Sea shell

Solution: (c)

The words in each pair are synonyms of each other. Here, Rabble is the synonym of Plebeian.

Ex. 9 Conciliatory : Friendliness:: _ :_

- (a) Cache : Hide
- (b) Garrulous : Hold
- (c) Obvious : Explain
- (d) Timid : Bold

Solution: (a)

The words in each other are synonyms of each other. Here, Cache is the synonym of Hide.

Ex. 10	Circuitous : Route::	:
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(a) Profound : Depth

(b) Judicious : Selection

- (c) Devious : Argument
- (d) Problematic : Solution

Solution: (c)

First denotes a round about way of the second.

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(d) Pen: Pencil